Forwarding Table Scalability For Cluster Switches

Dong Zhou, Bin Fan, Hyeontaek Lim, David G. Andersen, Michael Kaminsky*, Michael Mitzenmacher† (CMU, *Intel, +Harvard)

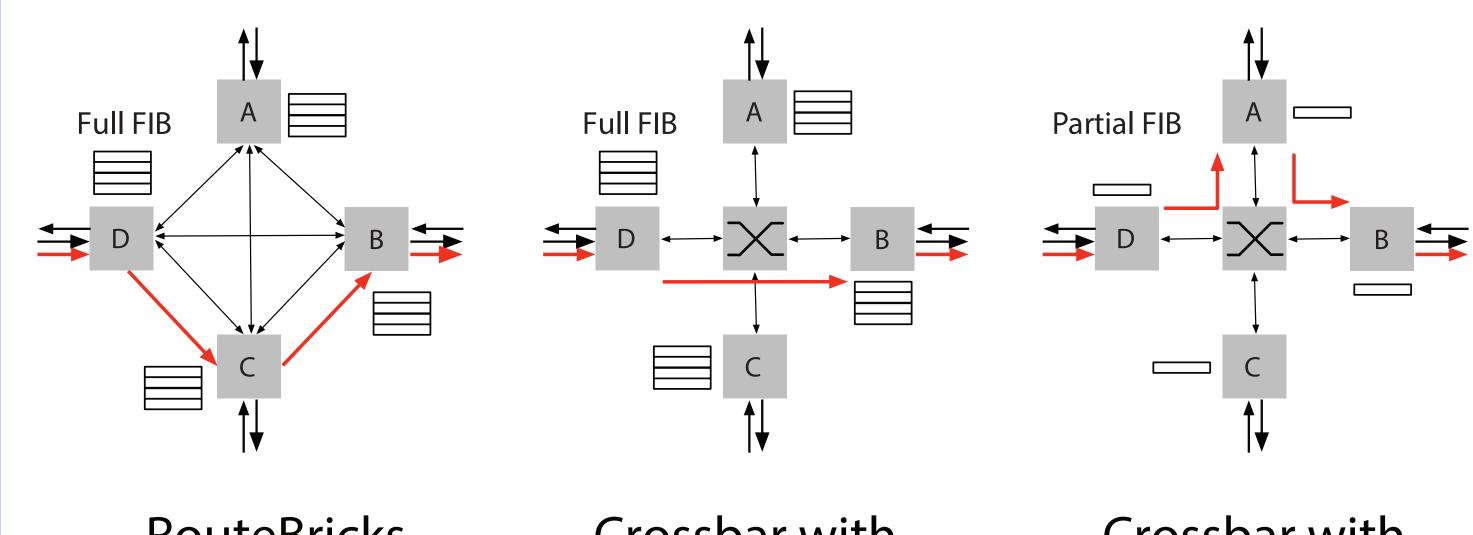
Problem

- FIB capacity does not scale out with the number of servers (line cards)
- Goal: achieve FIB scalability without increasing the amount of internal traffic

Potential Applications

- Huge flat-addressed networks
- Hardware-based switches?
- Flow-oriented applications (SDN? NAT?)
- We are looking for more! Ideas?

Existing Architectures



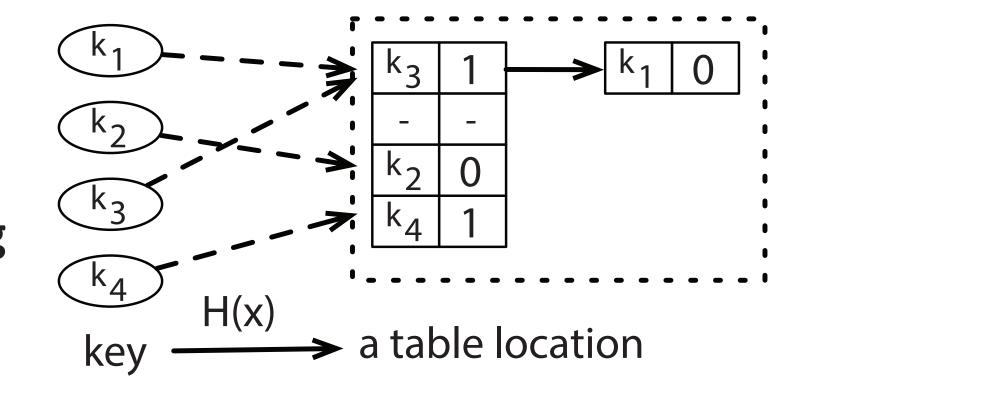
Solution: XBricks

- Each node is responsible only for FIB entries that have the node itself as egress node — partitioned FIB Each node uses a global partition table to map all the known addresses rightarrow
 ightarrow
- to egress nodes one hop latency

RouteBricks Crossbar with Crossbar with Full Duplication Hash Partitioning

Global Partition Table: XSep

- **Two observations**
- The range of possible values is very small



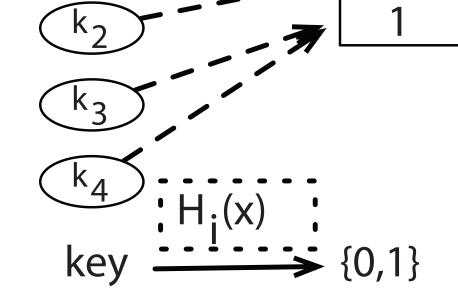


GPT +

XBricks

Partial FIB

- Unknown keys can be mapped to incorrect values instead of "not found"
- Set separation instead of general key-value mapping
- 2-4 bits per entry for a small number of servers



Hash Table



Evaluation

