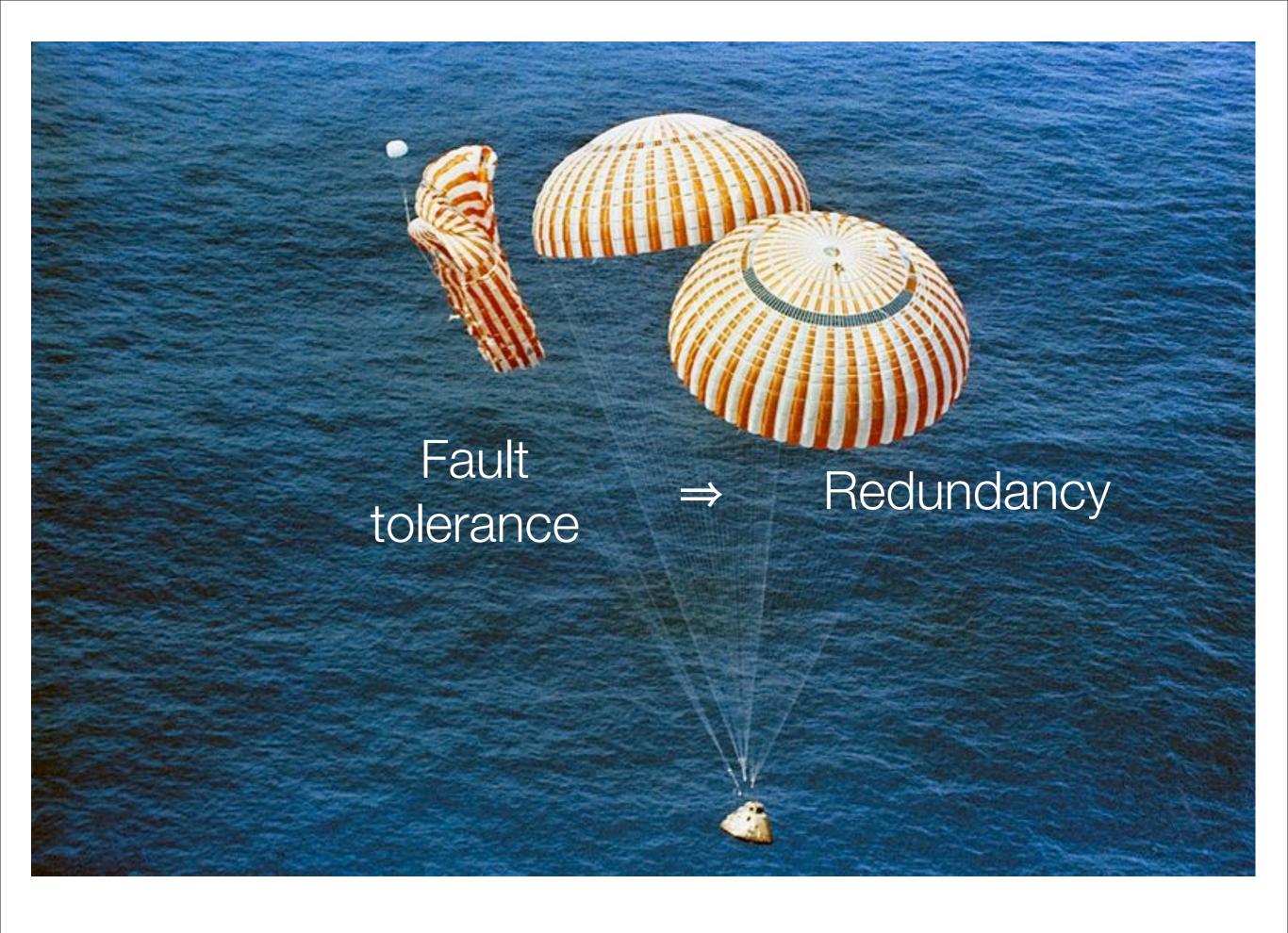
There Is More Consensus in Egalitarian Parliaments

Iulian Moraru, David Andersen, Michael Kaminsky

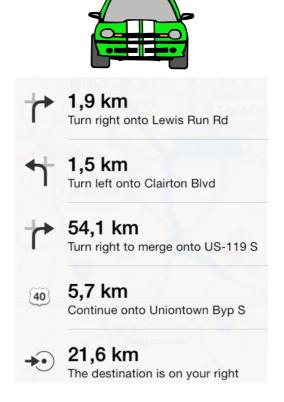
Carnegie Mellon University

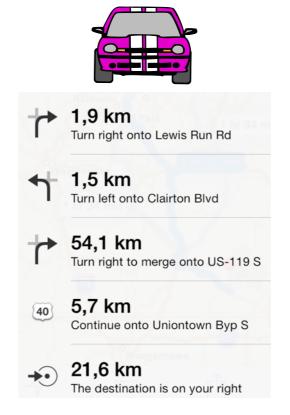
Intel Labs



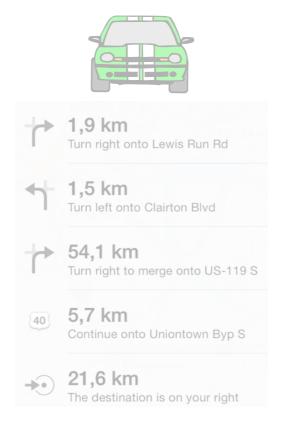
Execute the same commands in the same order

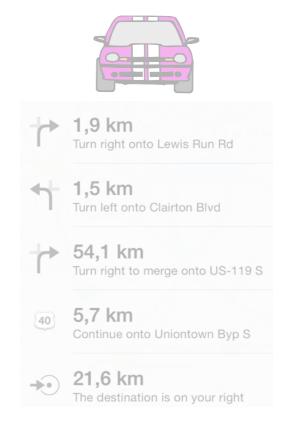
Execute the same commands in the same order





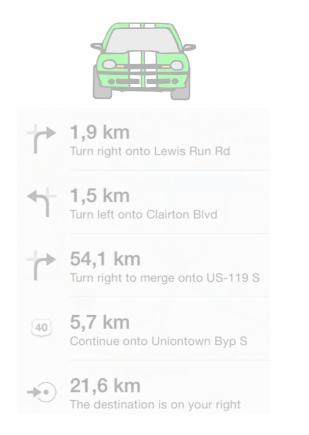
Execute the same commands in the same order

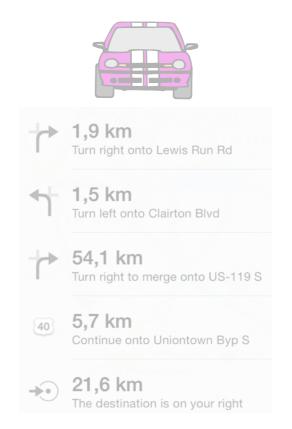




Paxos

Execute the same commands in the same order

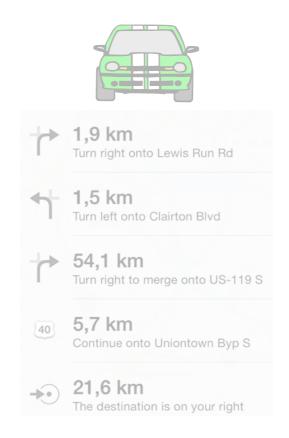


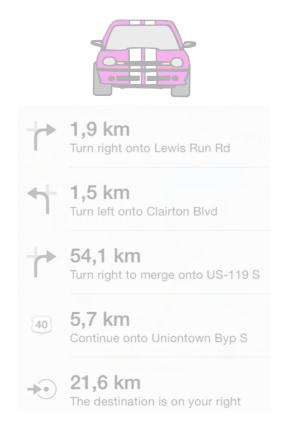


Paxos

No external failure detector required

Execute the same commands in the same order





Paxos

- No external failure detector required
- Fast fail-over (high availability)

Paxos is important in clusters

Chubby, Boxwood, SMARTER, ZooKeeper

- Synchronization
- Resource discovery
- Data replication

High throughput High availability



Paxos is important in the wide-area

Spanner, Megastore

Bring data closer to clients

Low latency

Tolerate datacenter outages



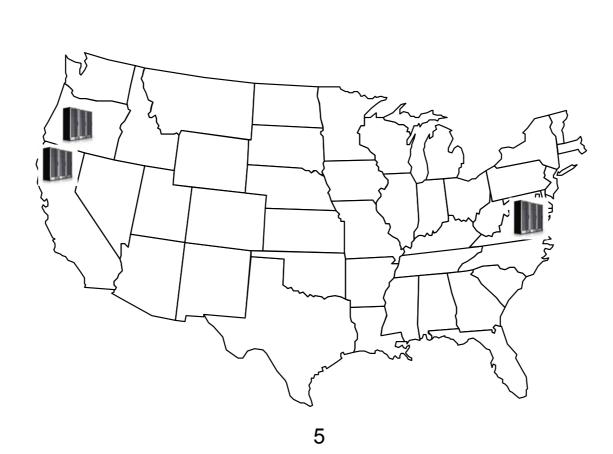
Paxos is important in the wide-area

Spanner, Megastore

- Bring data closer to clients
- Tolerate datacenter outages

Low latency







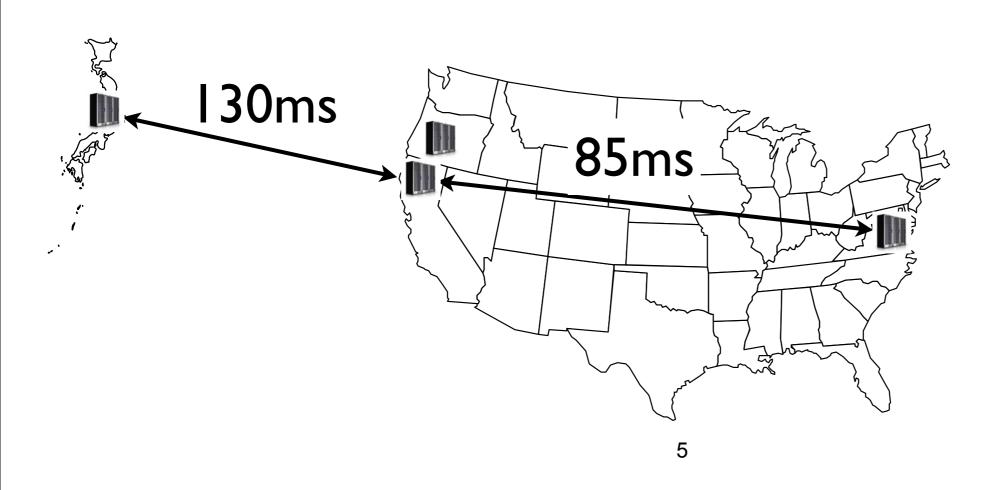
Paxos is important in the wide-area

Spanner, Megastore

Bring data closer to clients

Low latency

Tolerate datacenter outages





Agreement protocol

- Agreement protocol
- Tolerates F failures with 2F+1 replicas (optimal)
 - No external failure detector required

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- Replicas can fail by crashing (non-Byzantine)

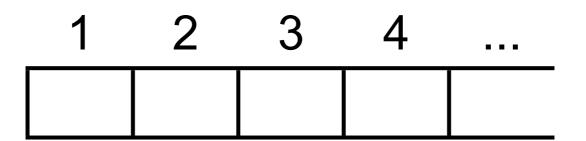
- Agreement protocol
- Tolerates F failures with 2F+1 replicas (optimal)
 - No external failure detector required
- Replicas can fail by crashing (non-Byzantine)
- Asynchronous communication

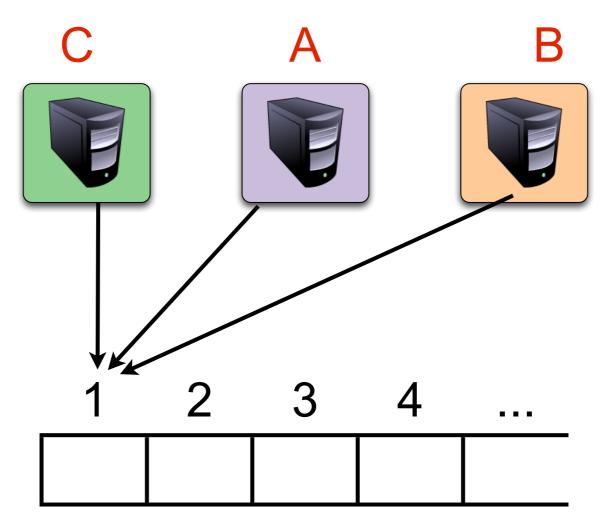








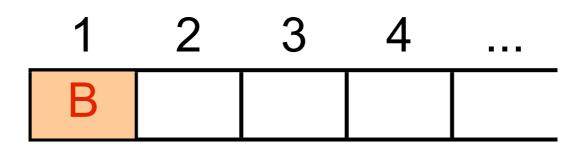


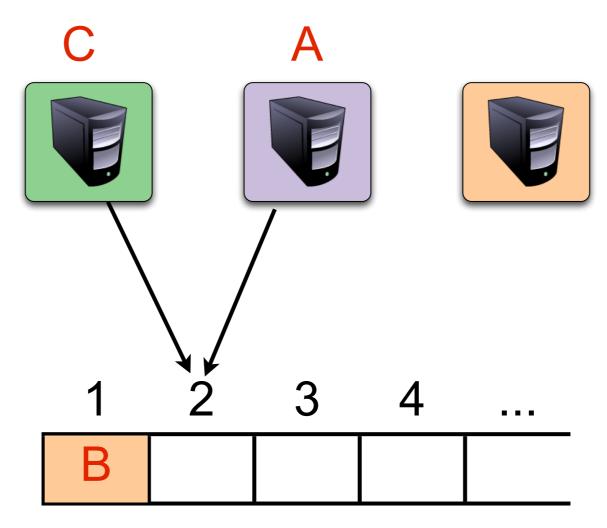


Using Paxos to order commands vote vote vote

Using Paxos to order commands vote vote vote ack B ack B 3





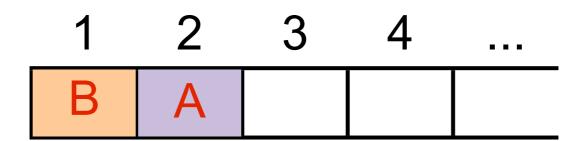


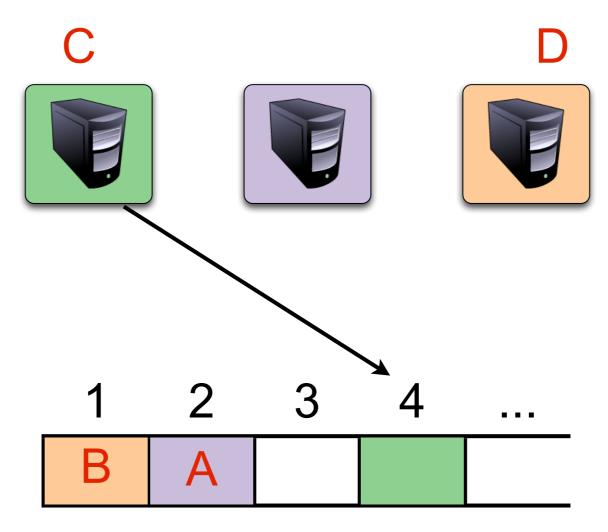
C

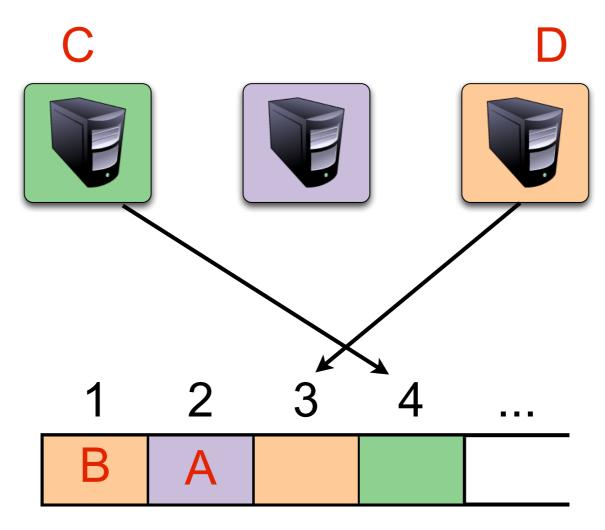








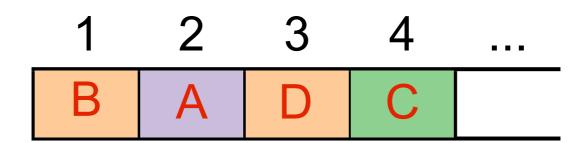








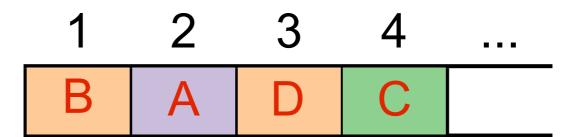












Choose commands independently for each slot







```
1 2 3 4 ...

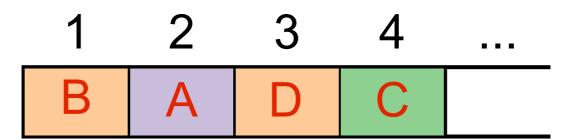
B A D C
```

- Choose commands independently for each slot
- At least 2 RTTs per slot:







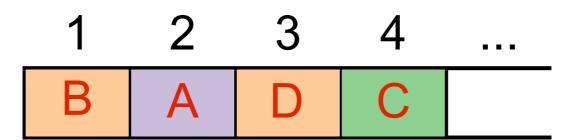


- Choose commands independently for each slot
- At least 2 RTTs per slot:
 - 1. Take ownership of a slot









- Choose commands independently for each slot
- At least 2 RTTs per slot:
 - 1. Take ownership of a slot
 - 2. Propose command











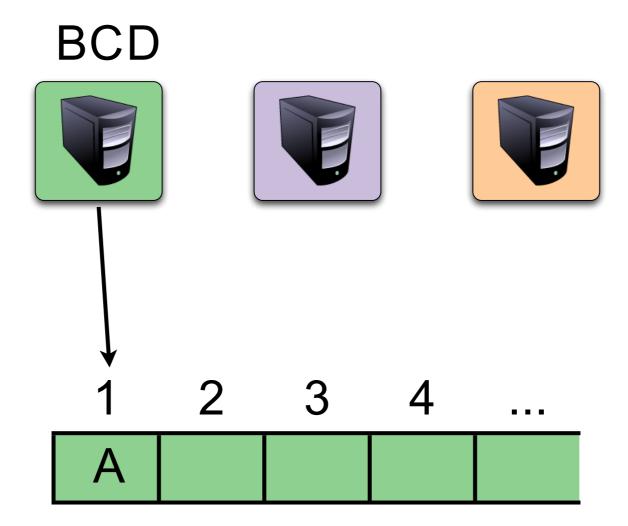


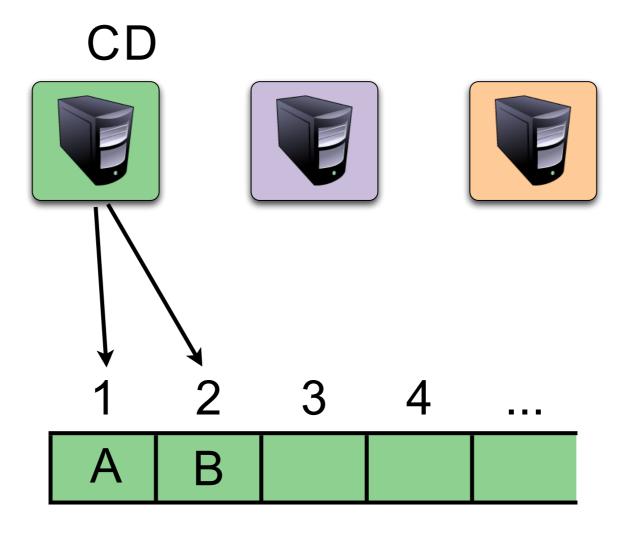
ABCD

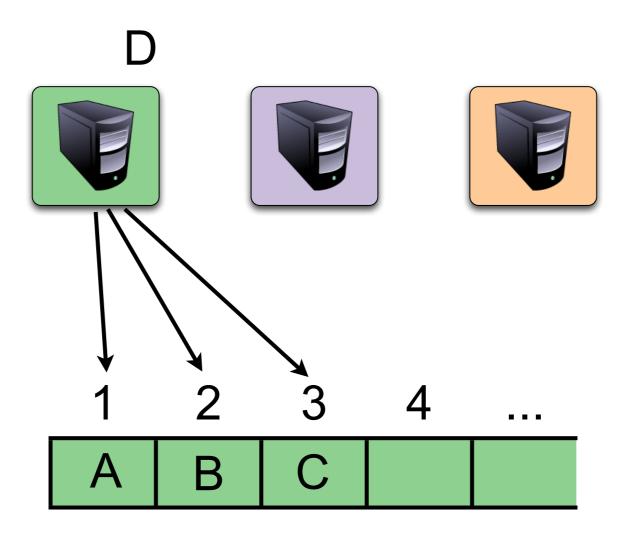


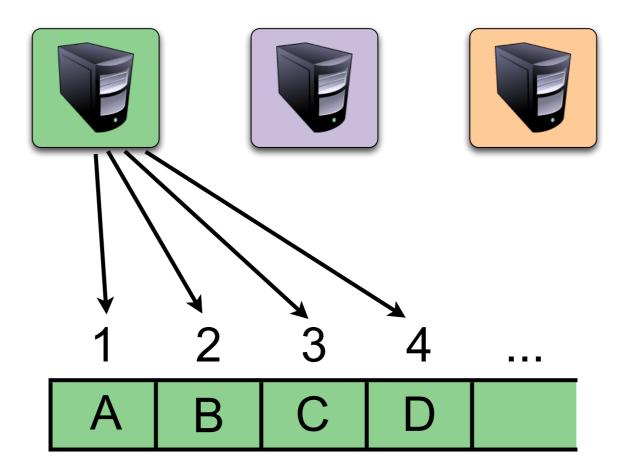


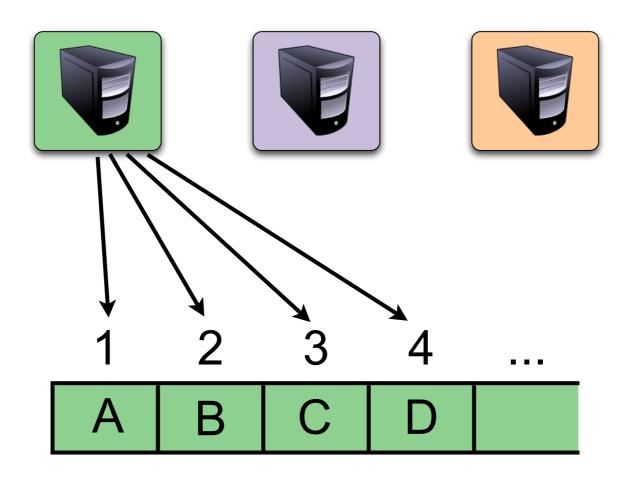




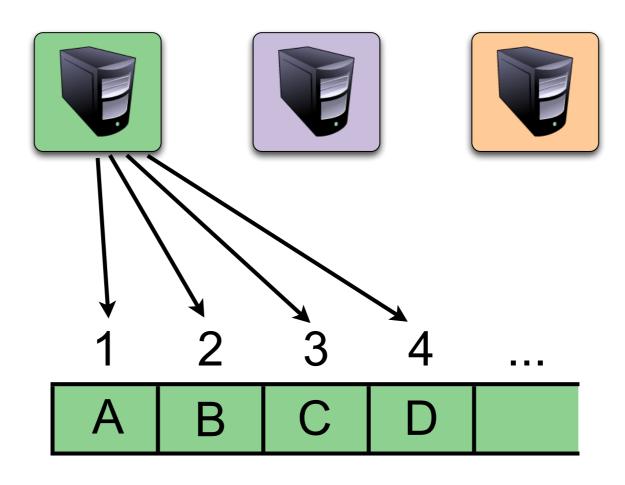








• 1 RTT to commit



- 1 RTT to commit
- Bottleneck for performance and availabilty

High throughput, low latency

- High throughput, low latency
- Constant availability

- High throughput, low latency
- Constant availability
- Distribute load evenly across all replicas

- High throughput, low latency
- Constant availability
- Distribute load evenly across all replicas
- Use fastest replicas

- High throughput, low latency
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- High throughput, low latency
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Paxos

- Distribute load evenly across all replicas
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High throughput, low latency

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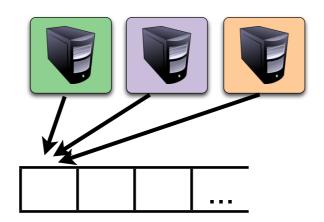
- High throughput, low latency
- Constant availability
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- Use fastest replicas
- Use closest (lowest latency) replicas

Egalitarian Paxos (EPaxos)

Previous strategies:

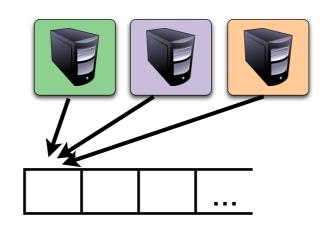
Previous strategies:

Contend for slots



Previous strategies:

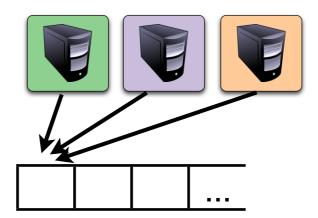
Contend for slots



Paxos

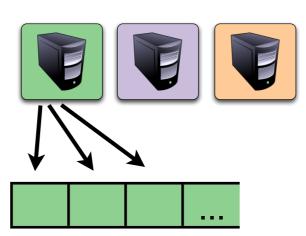
Previous strategies:

Contend for slots



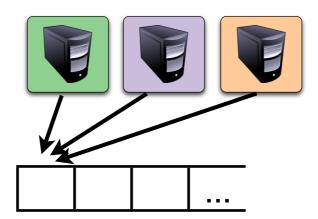
Paxos

One replica decides



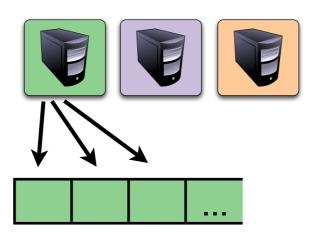
Previous strategies:

Contend for slots



Paxos

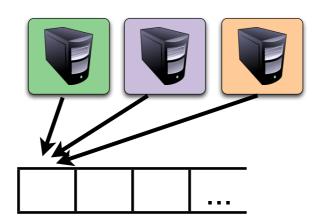
One replica decides



Multi-Paxos, Fast Paxos, Generalized Paxos

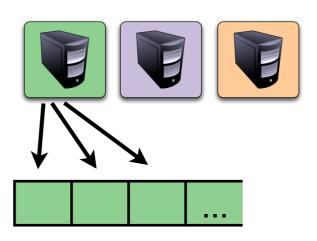
Previous strategies:

Contend for slots



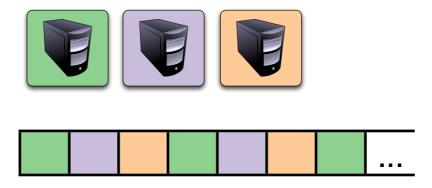
Paxos

One replica decides



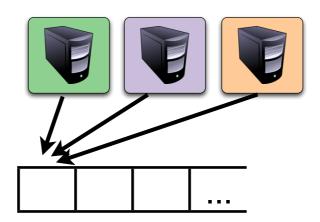
Multi-Paxos, Fast Paxos, Generalized Paxos

Take turns round-robin



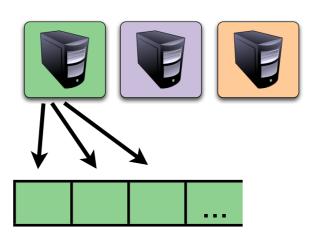
Previous strategies:

Contend for slots



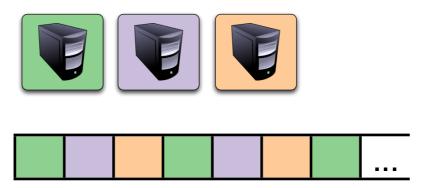
Paxos

One replica decides



Multi-Paxos, Fast Paxos, Generalized Paxos

Take turns round-robin

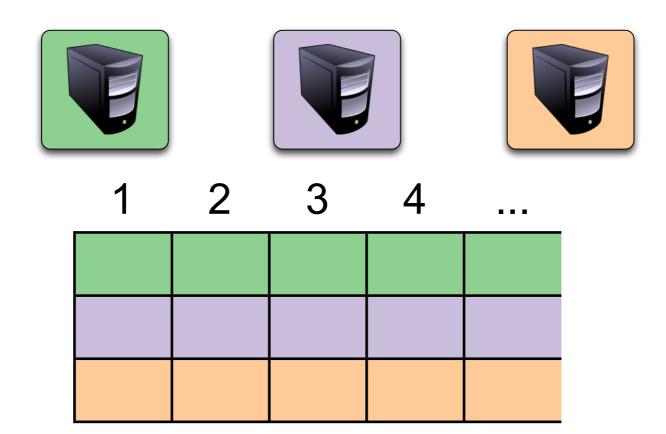


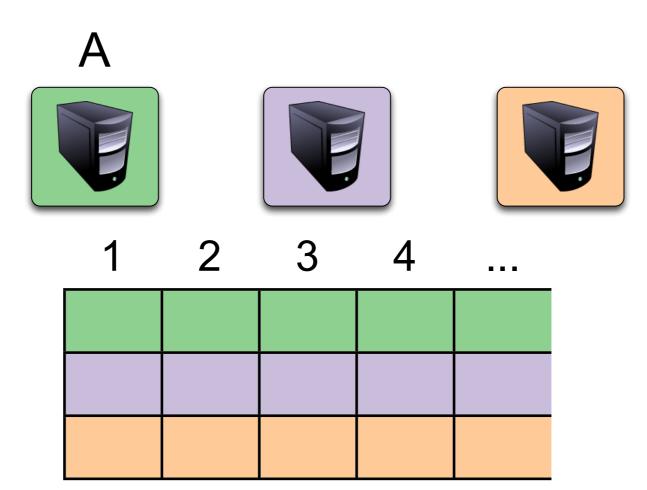
Mencius

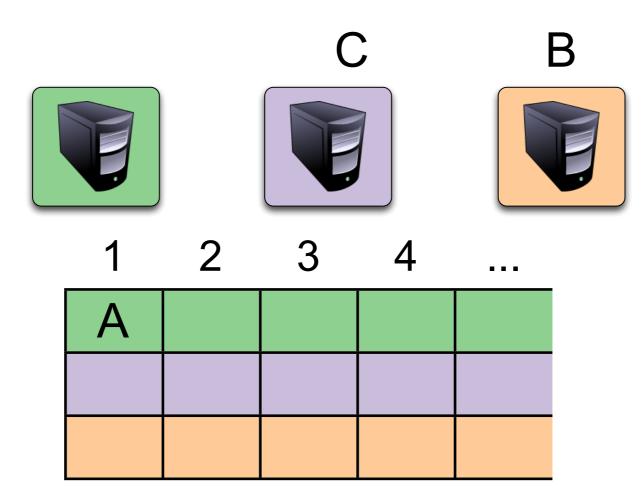






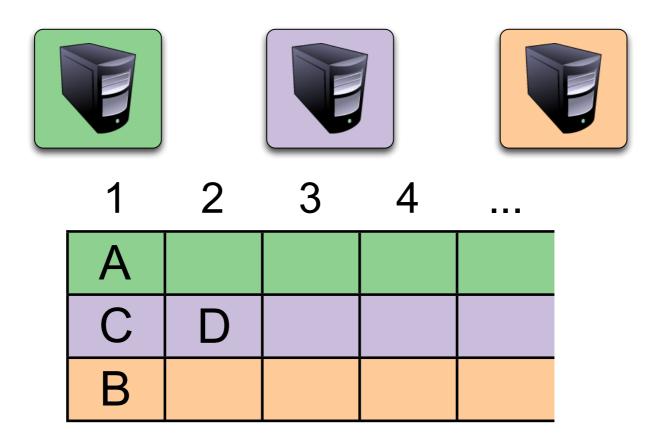


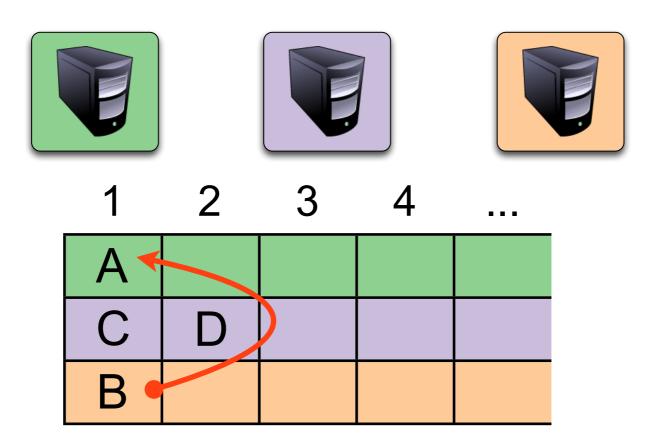


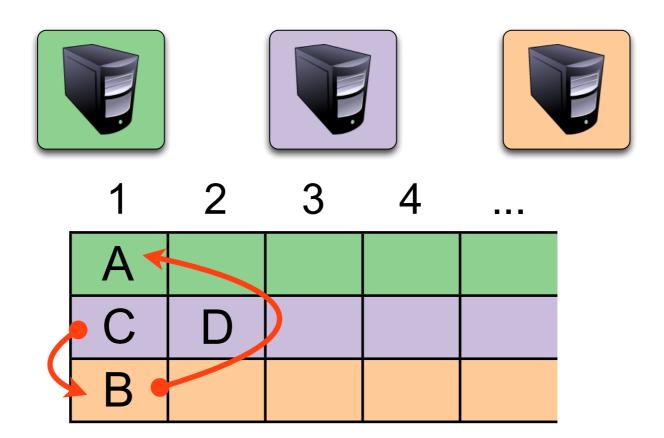


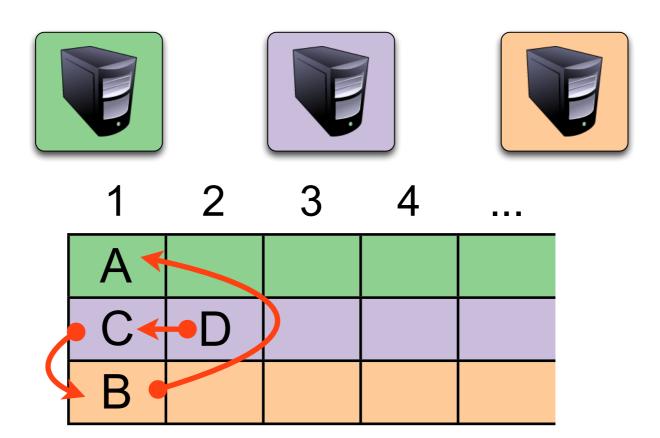
1 2 3 4 ...

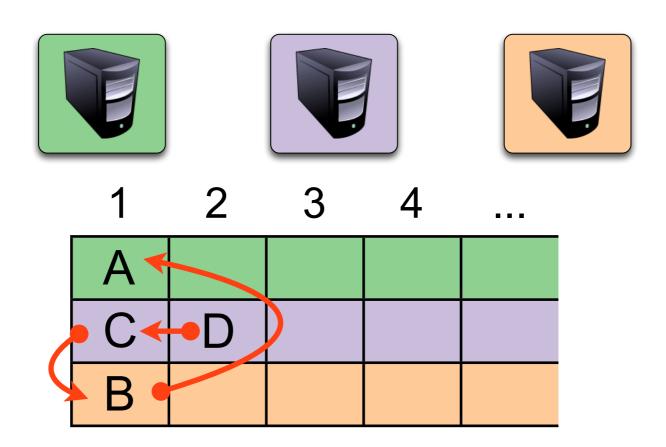
A C B



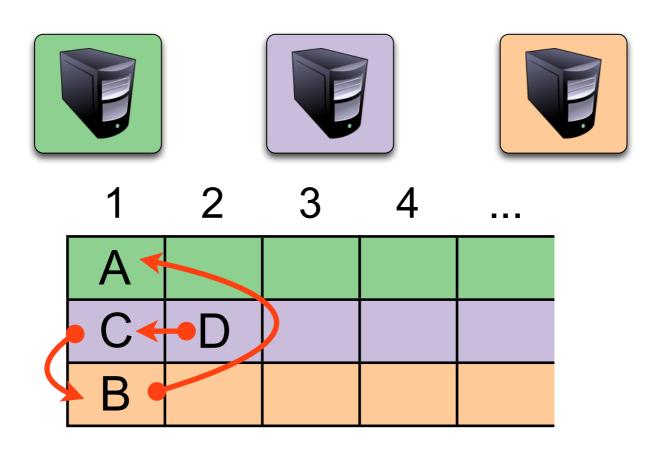






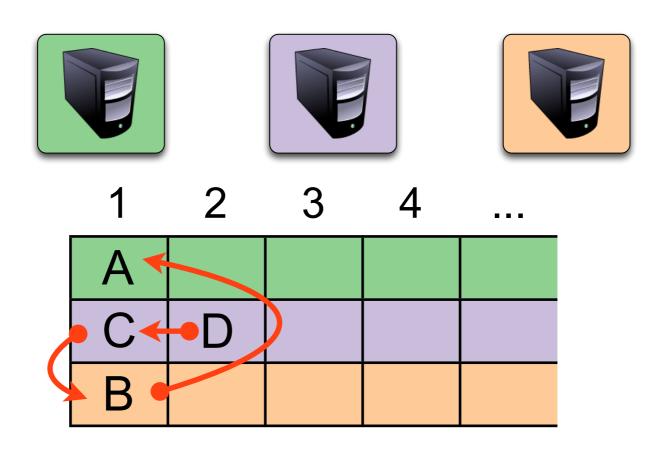


After commit @ each replica



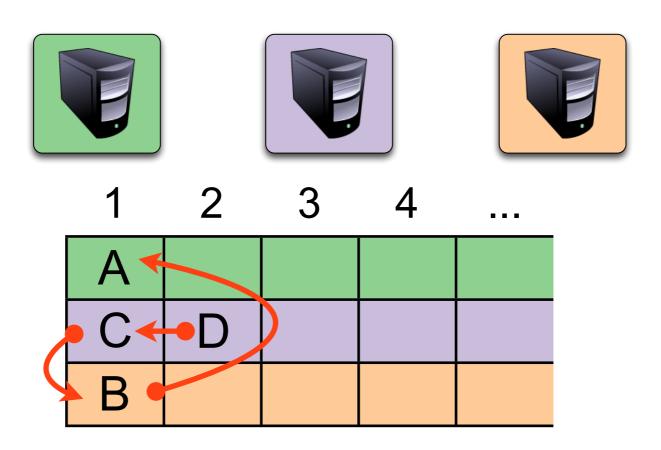
After commit @ each replica A ← B ← C ← D

$$A \longleftarrow B \longleftarrow C \longleftarrow D$$



After commit @ each replica A ← B ←

Load balance (every replica is a leader)

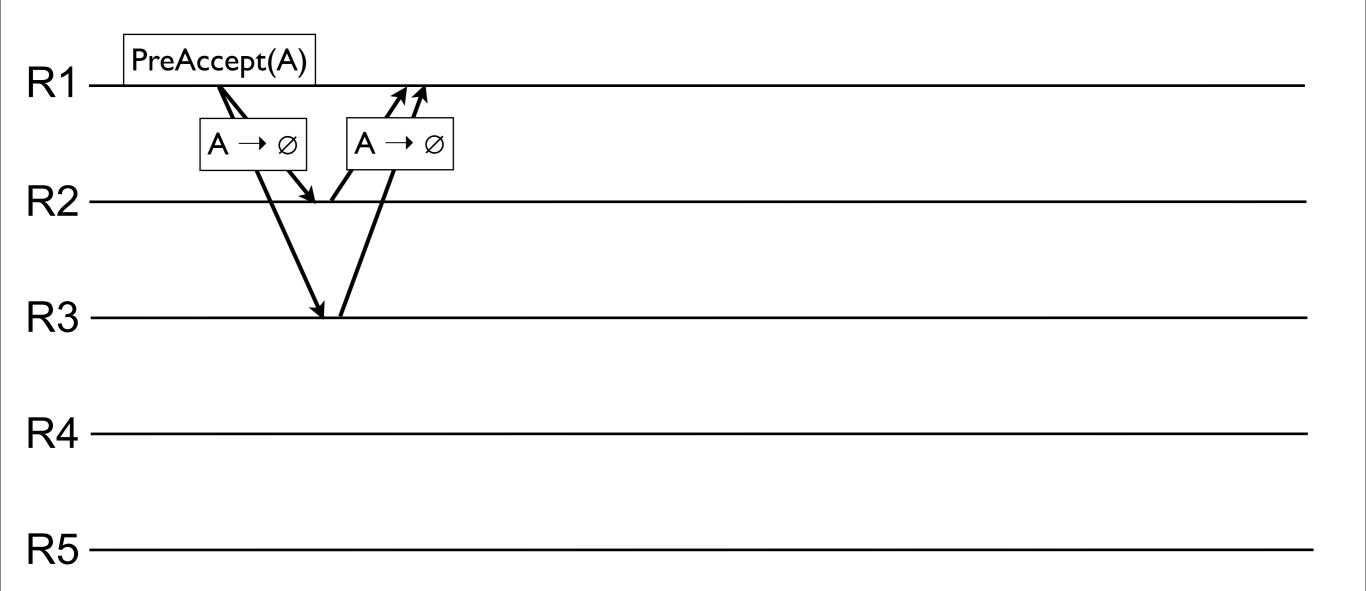


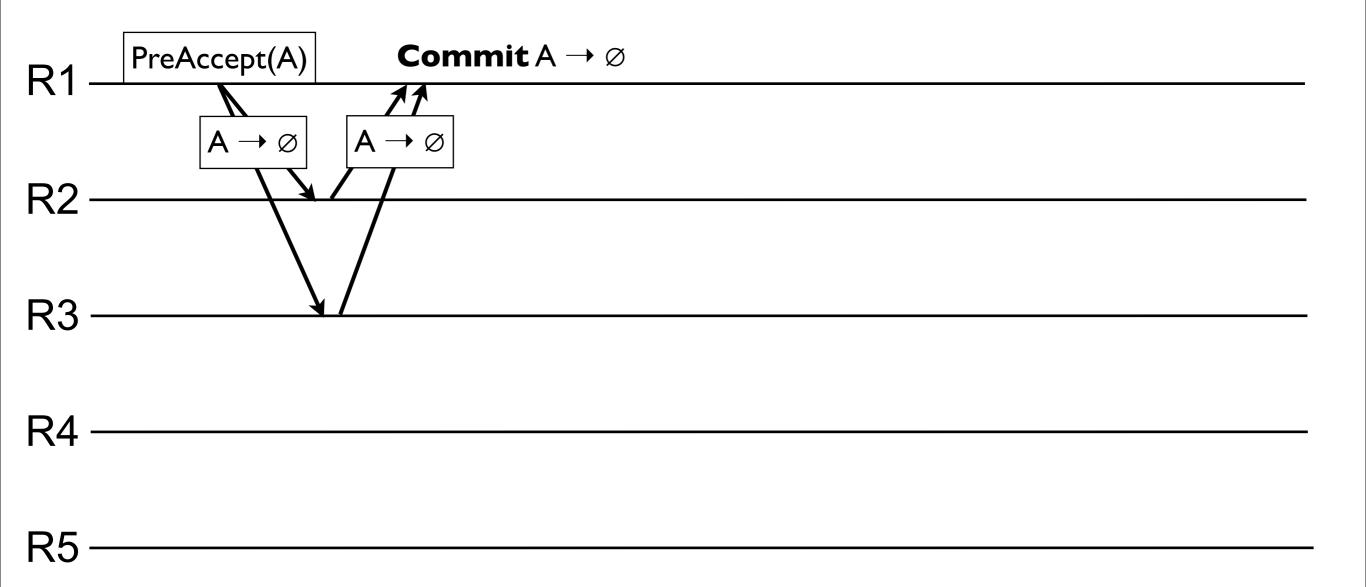
After commit @ each replica

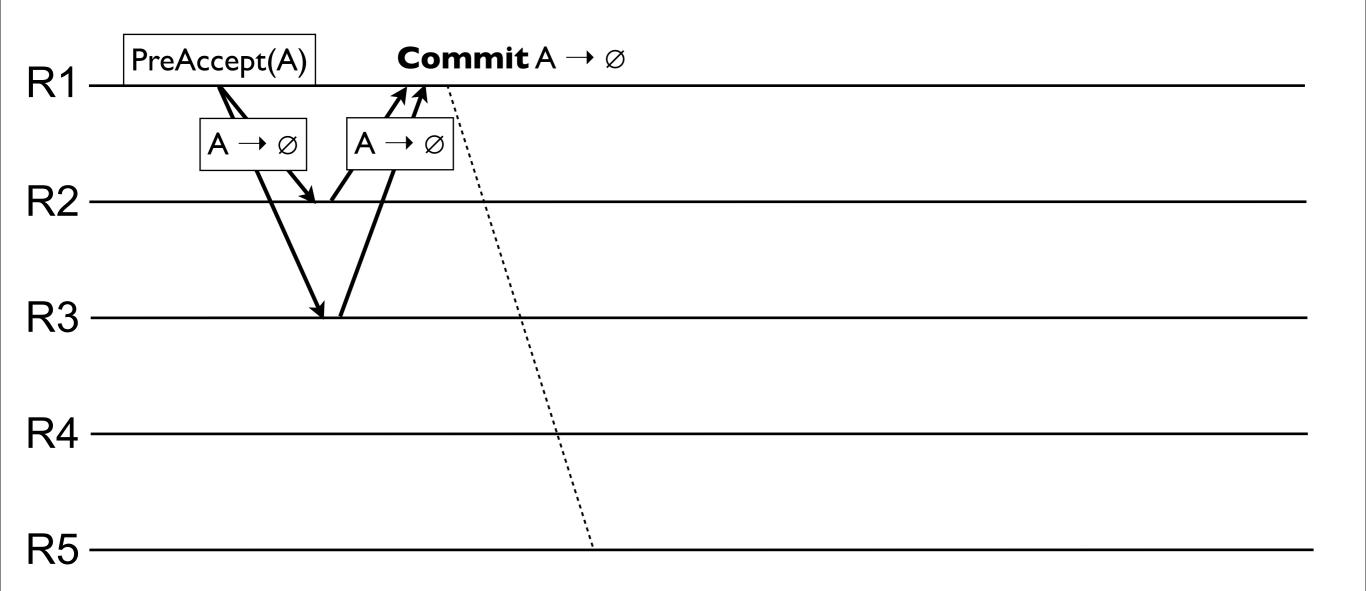
- Load balance (every replica is a leader)
- EPaxos can choose any quorum for each command

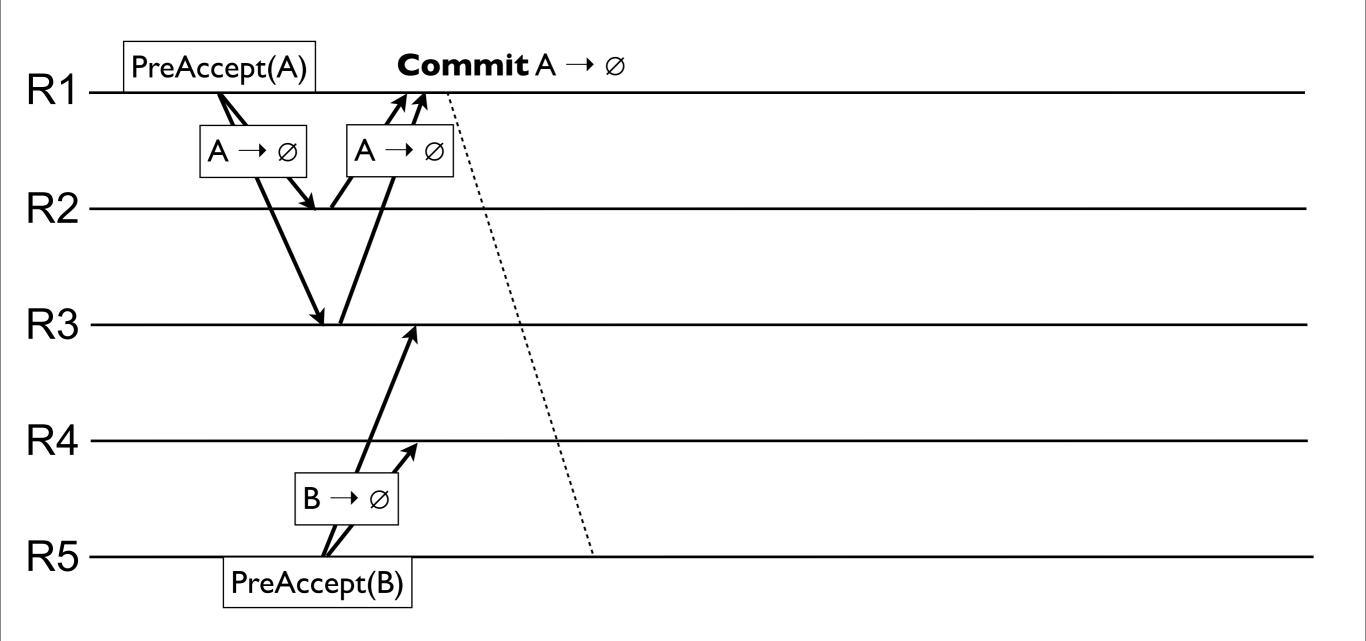
EPaxos commit protocol

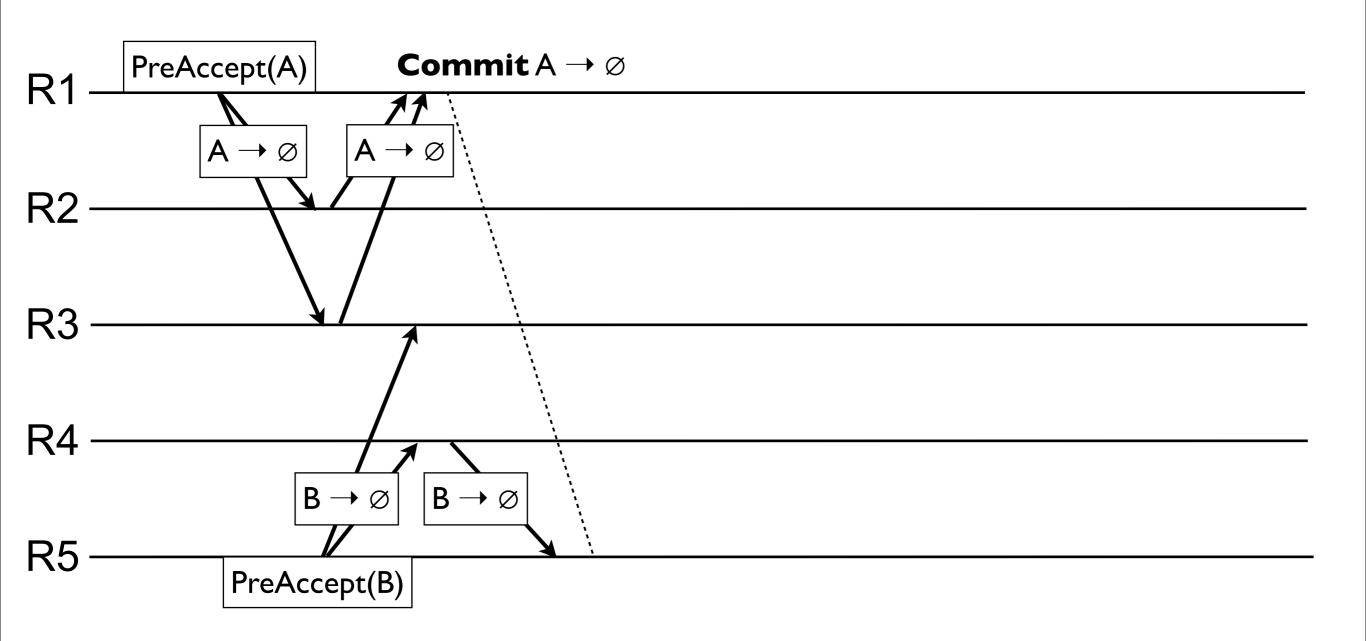


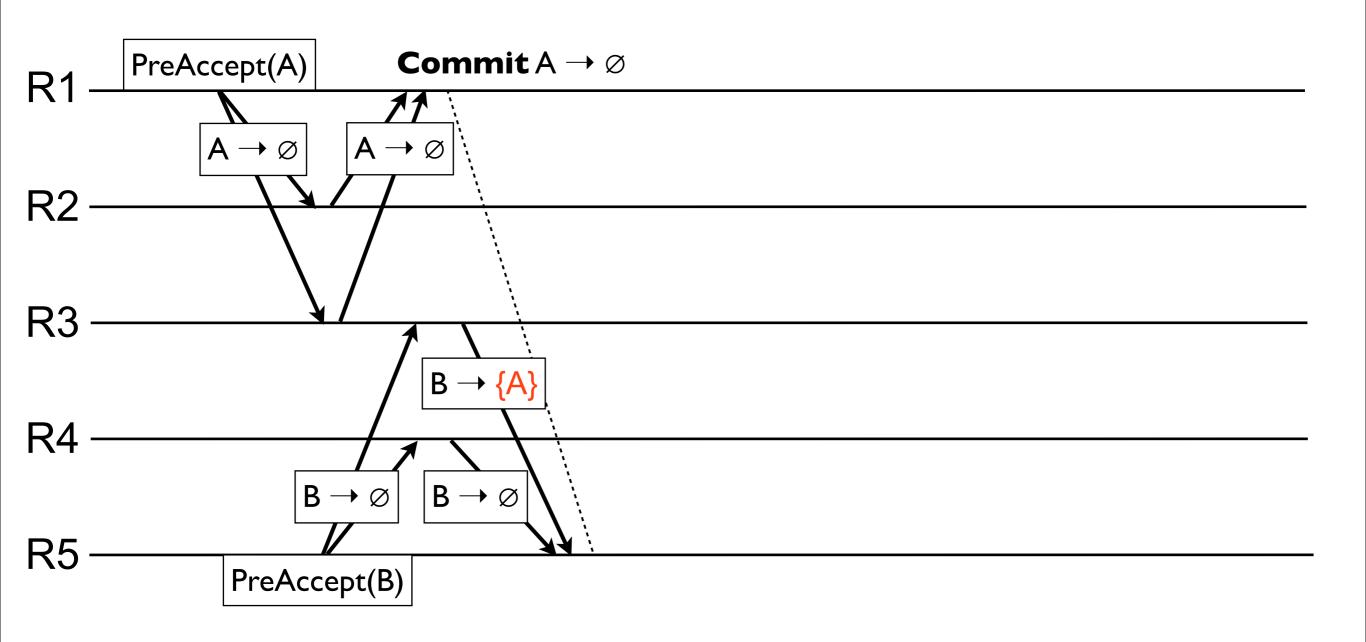


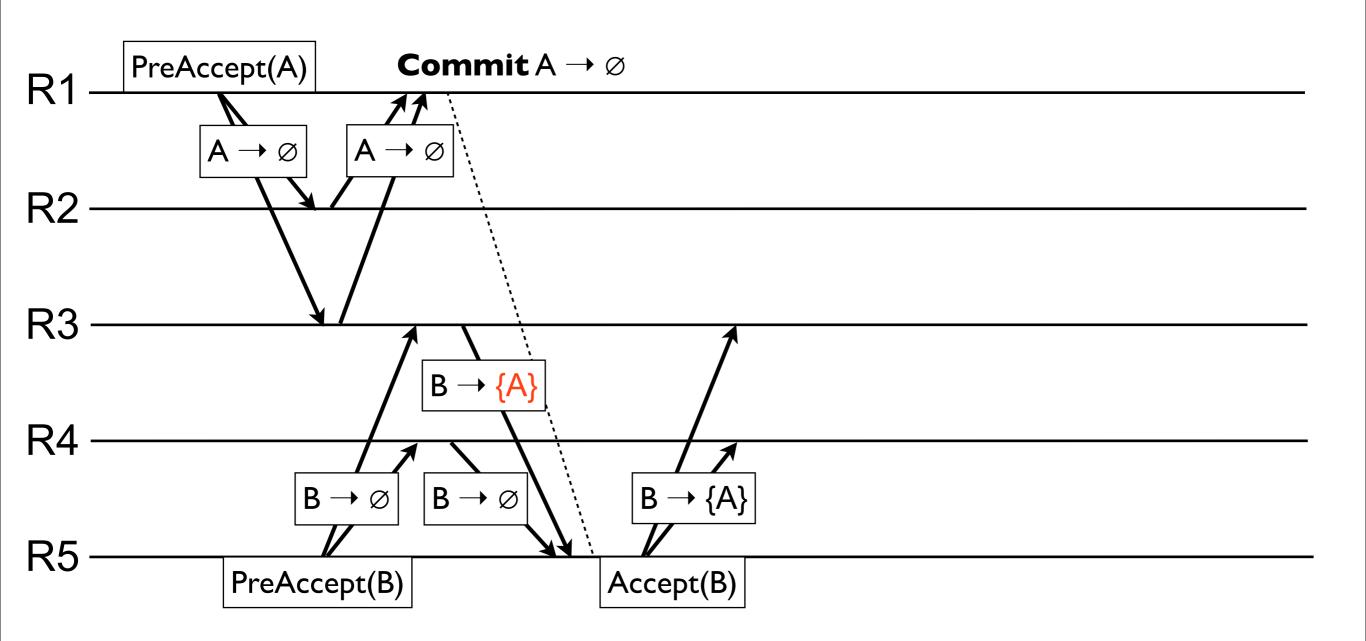


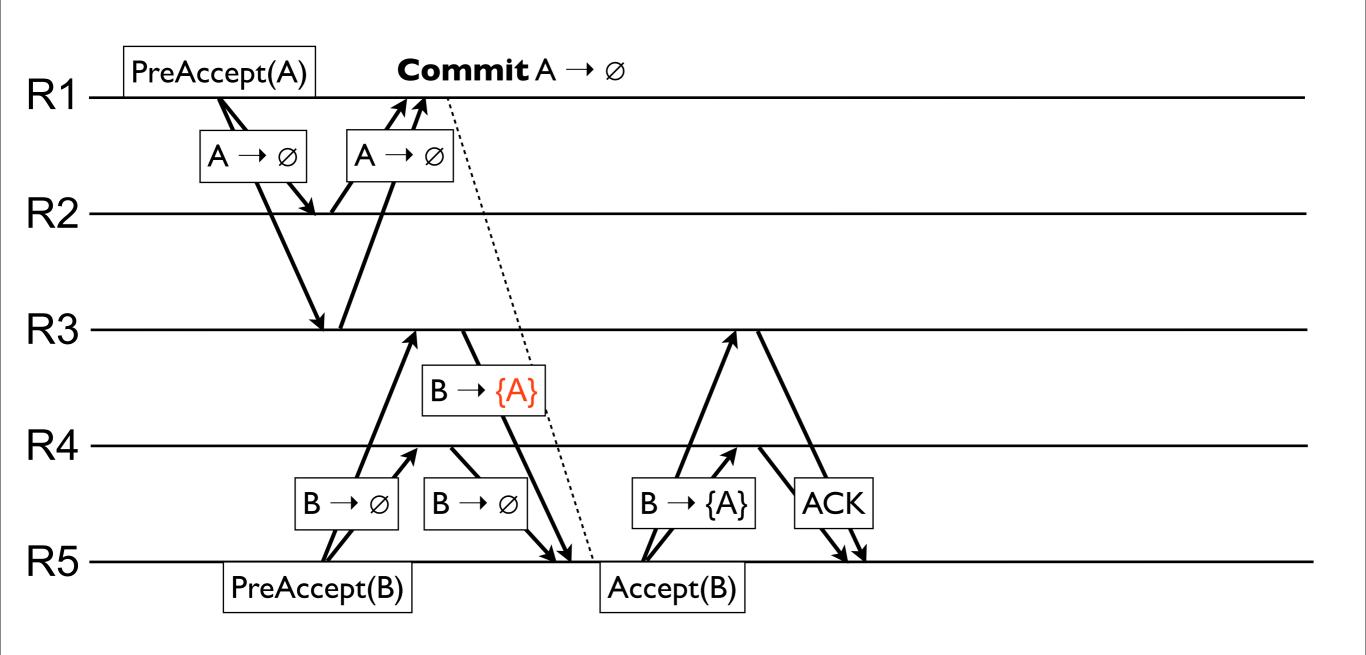


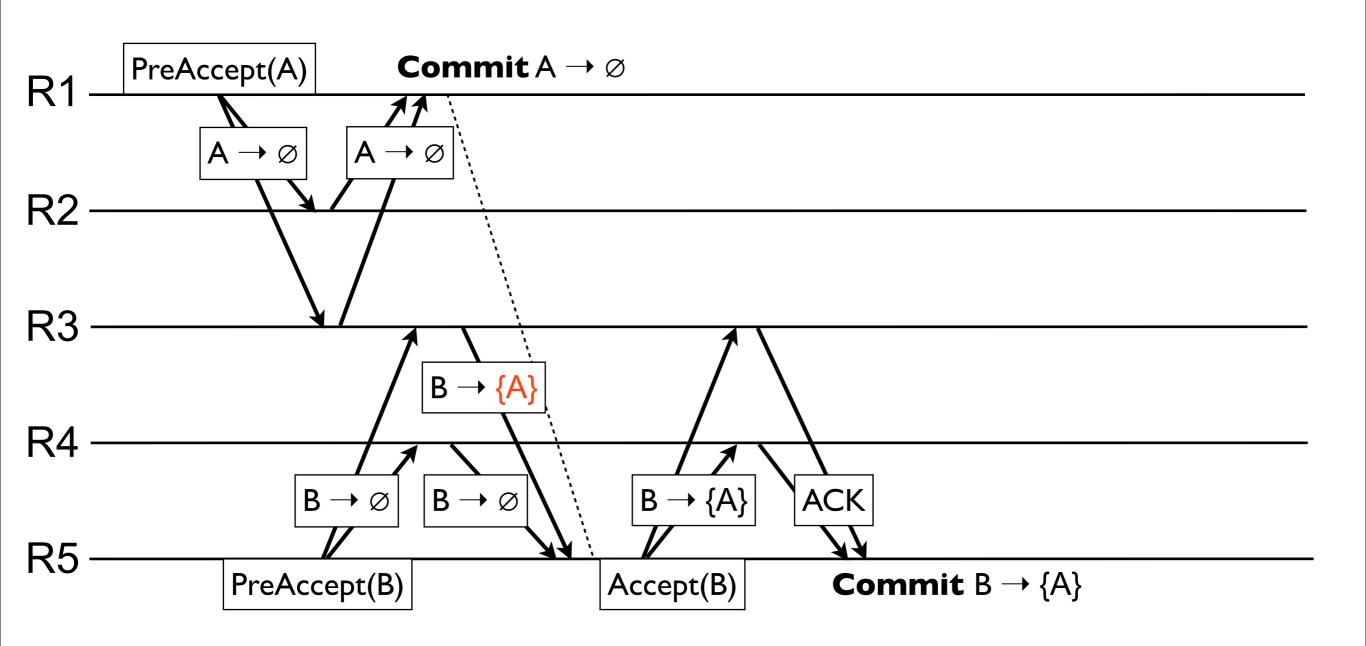


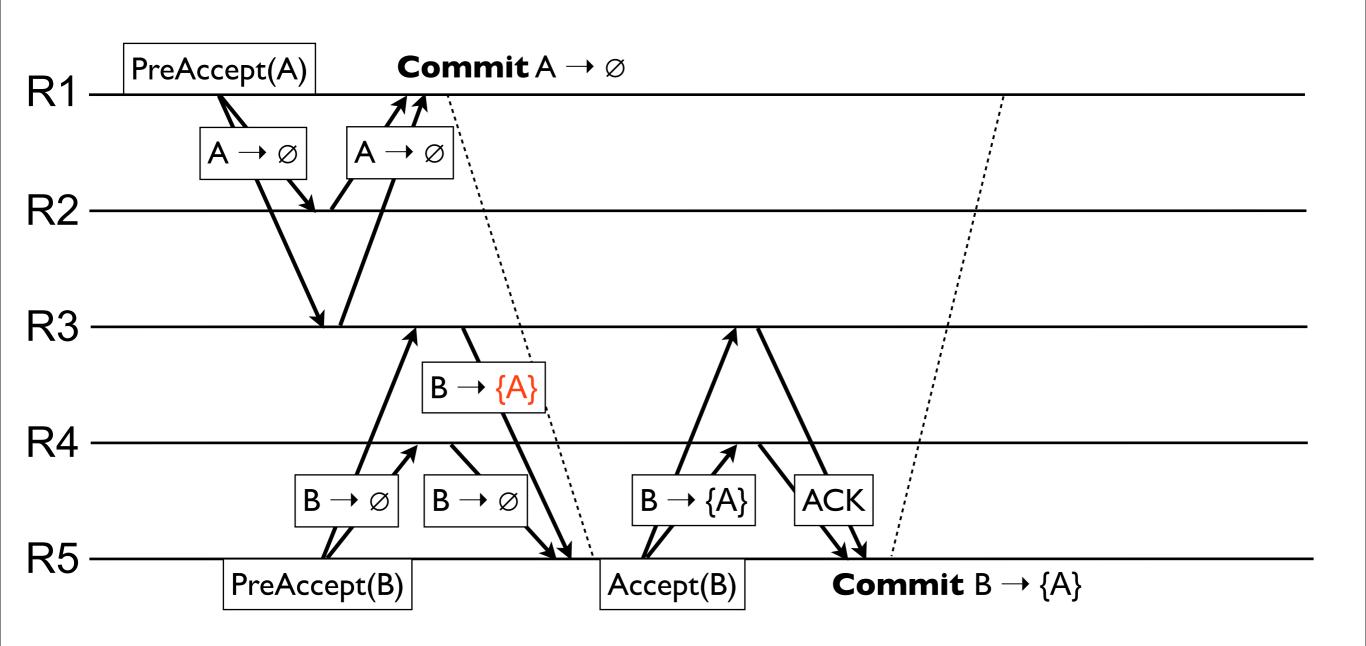


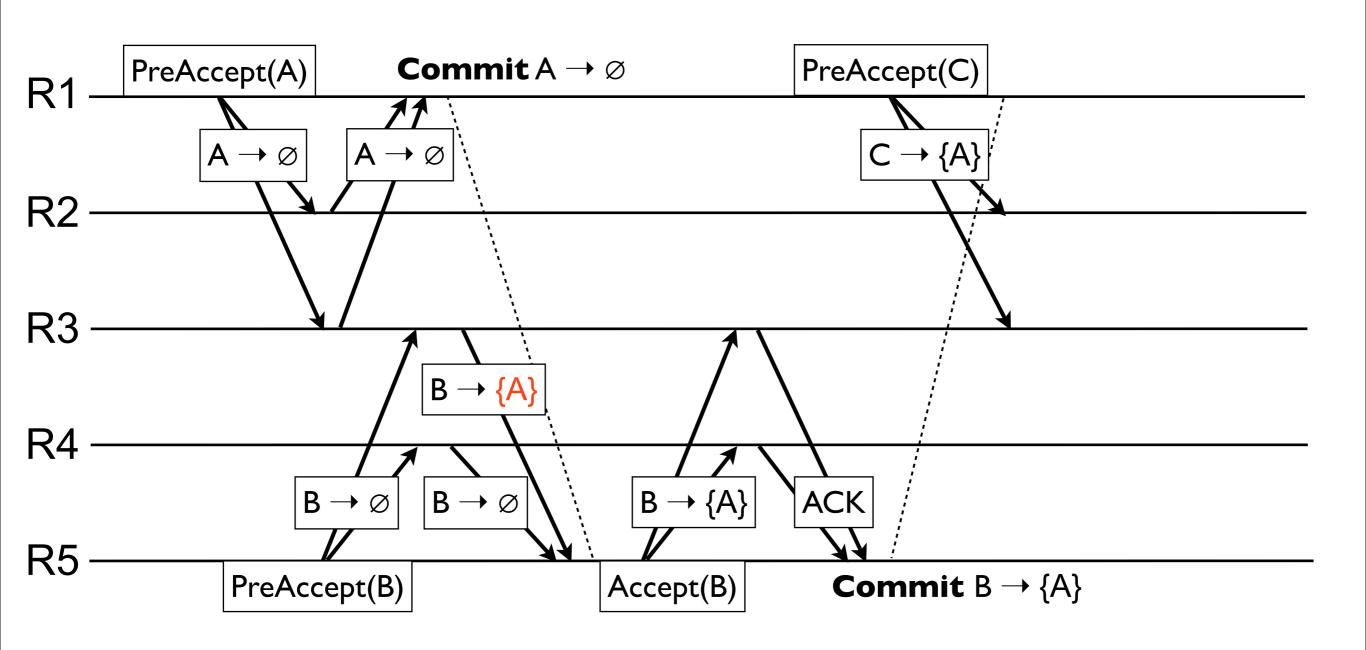


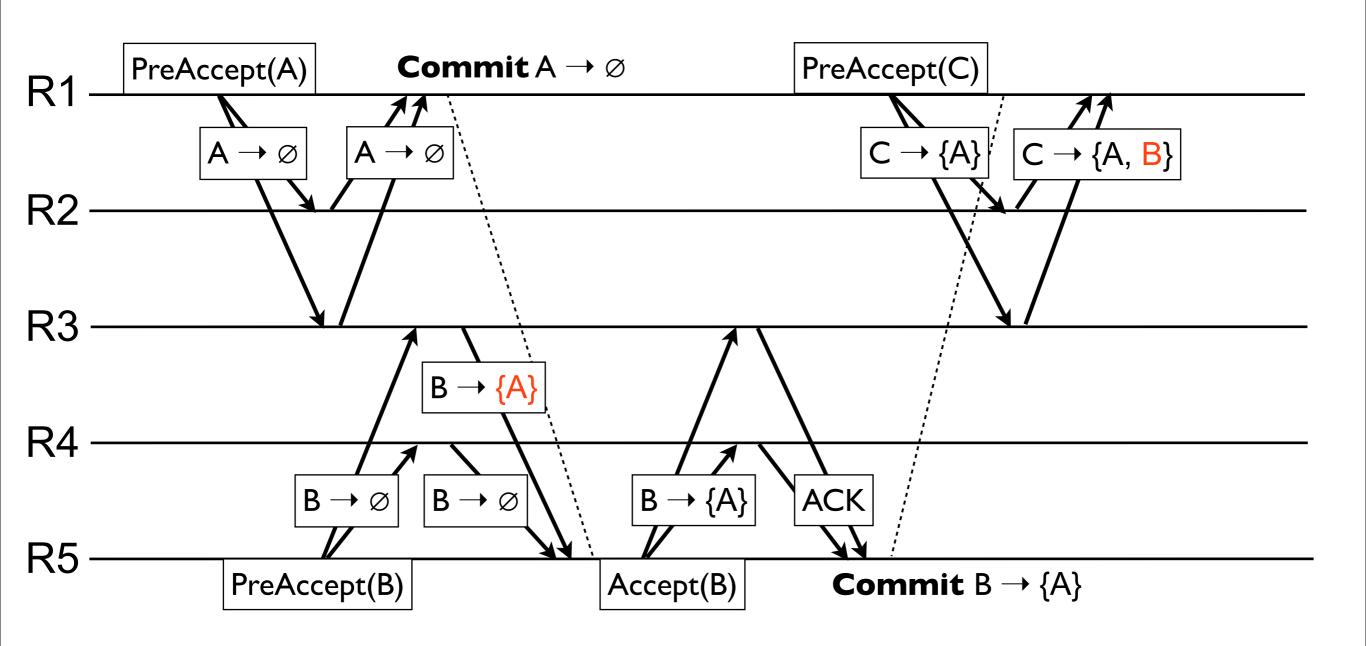


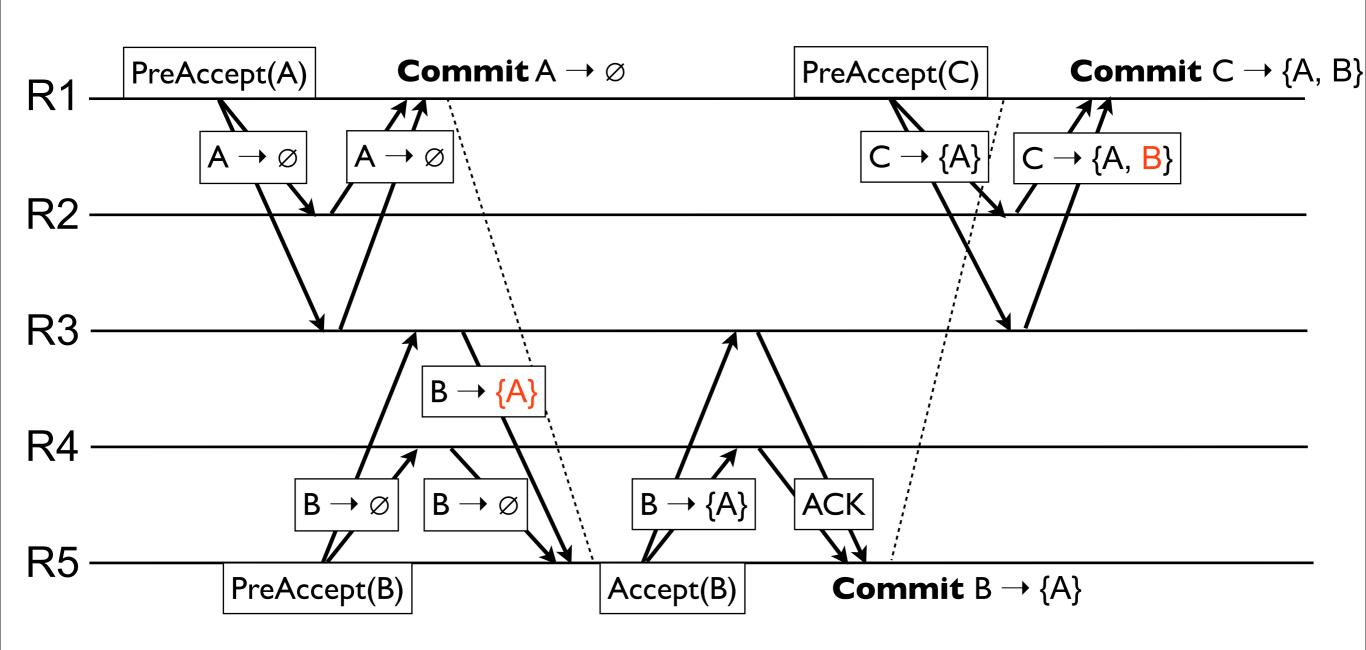


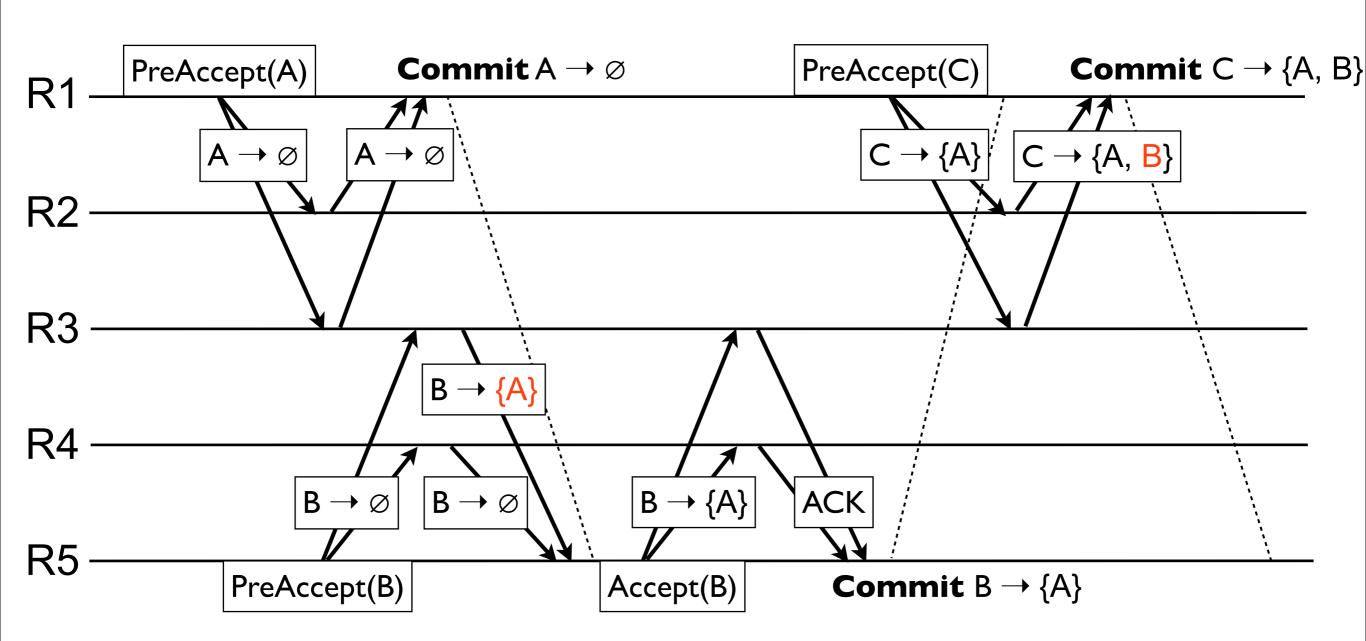












Order only interfering commands

- 1 RTT
 - Non-concurrent commands
 - OR non-interfering commands

- 2 RTTs
 - Concurrent AND interfering

KV store

Infer from operation key

KV store

Infer from operation key

Google App Engine

Programmer-specified

KV store

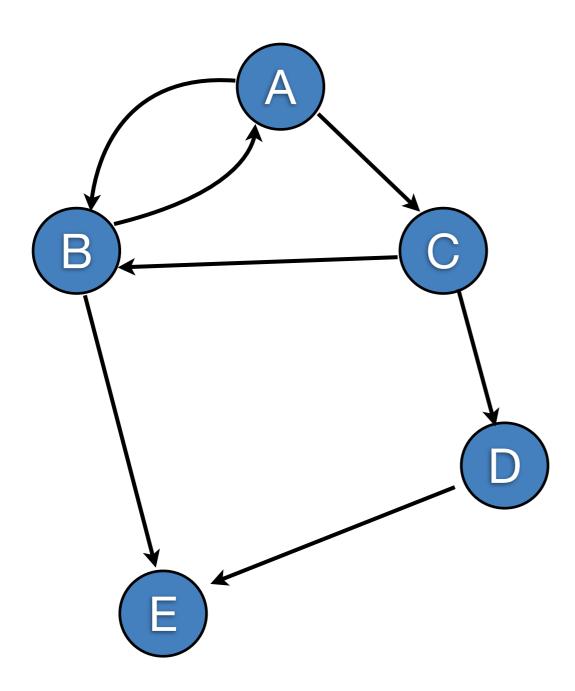
Infer from operation key

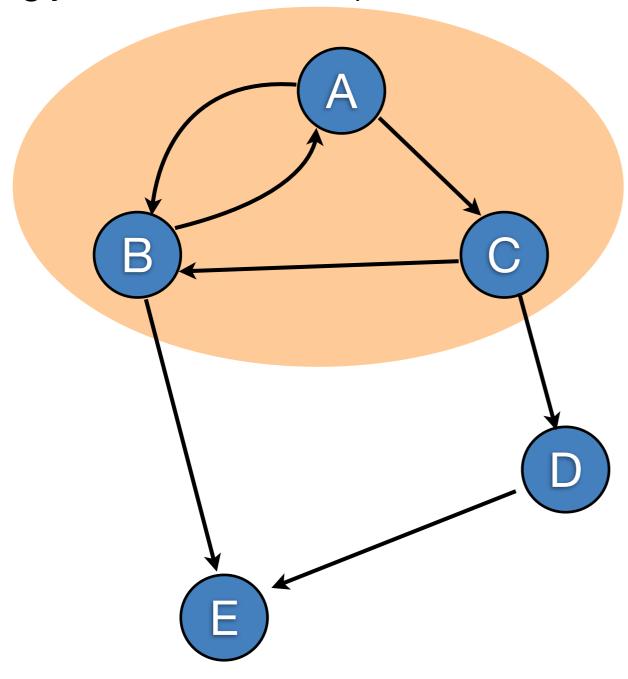
Google App Engine

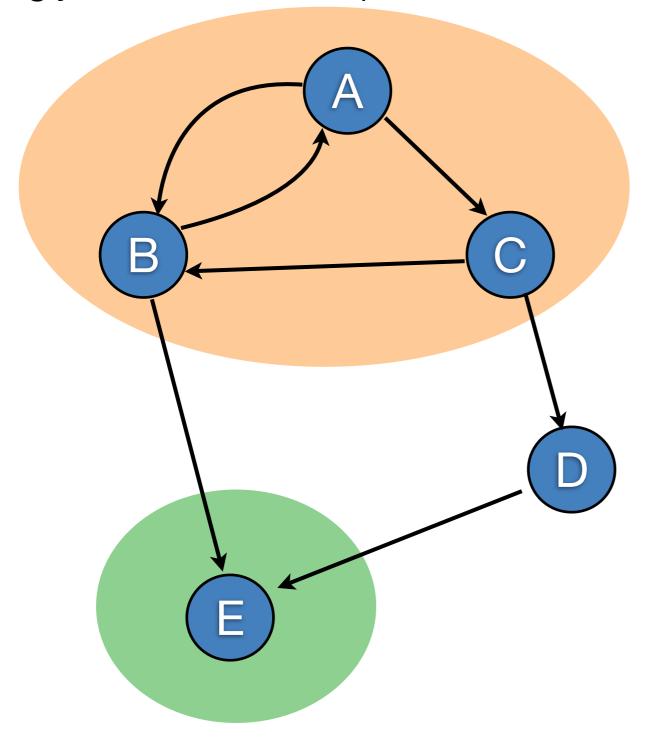
Programmer-specified

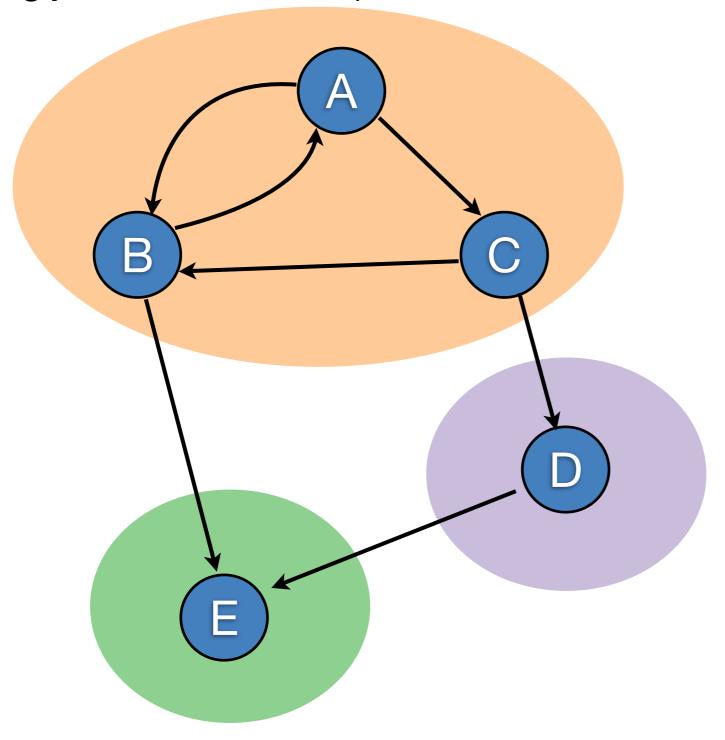
Relational databases

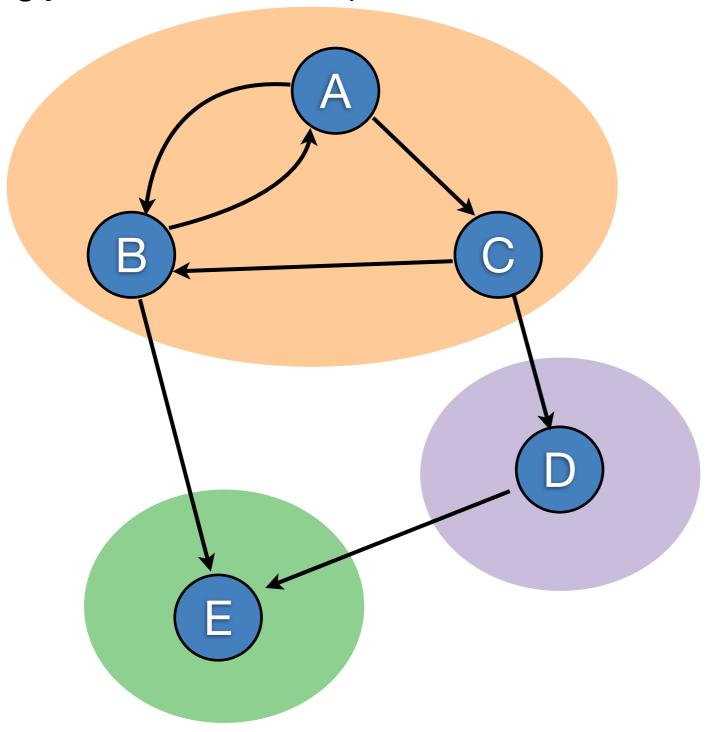
- Most transactions are simple, can be analyzed
- Few remaining transactions interfere w/ everything

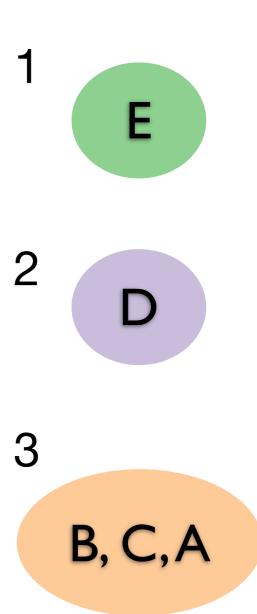


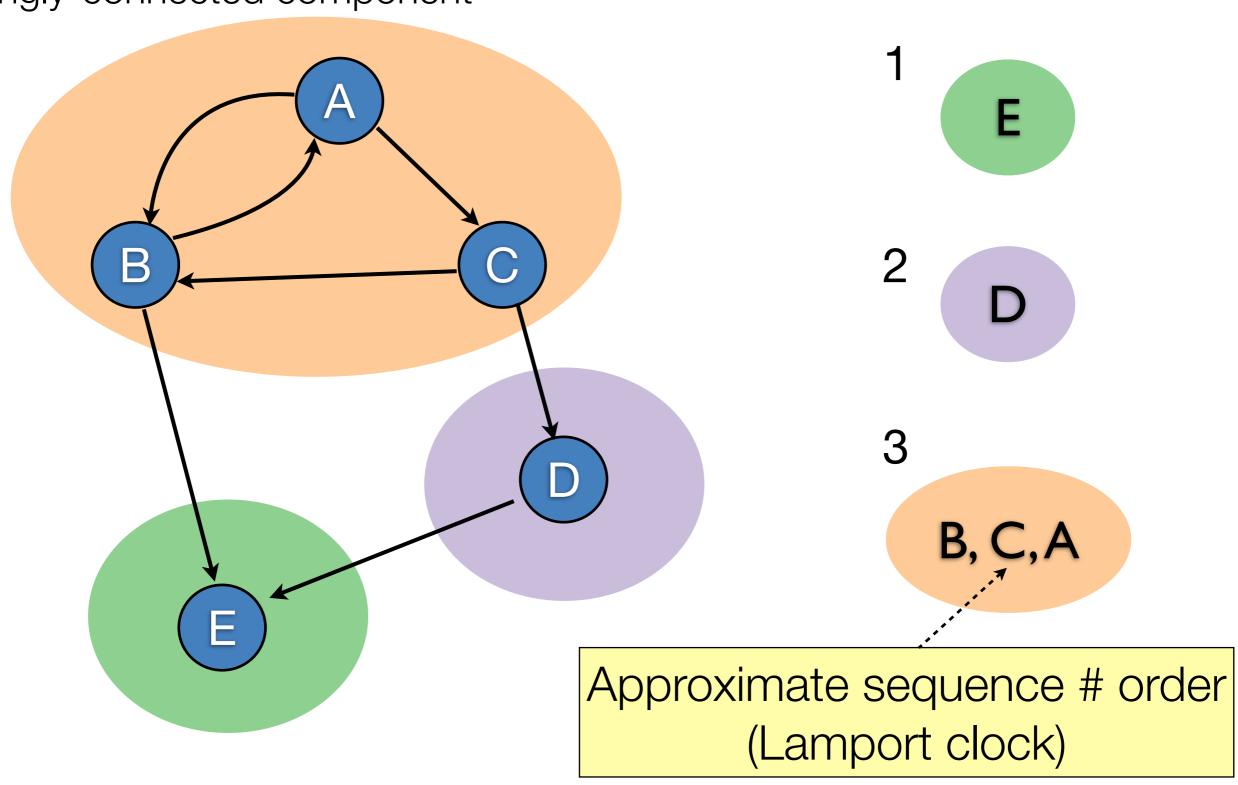












Linearizability: If A~B, and A committed before B proposed then A will be executed before B.

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Fast-path quorum: $F + \lceil F / 2 \rceil$

- Optimal for 3 and 5 replicas
- Better than Fast / Generalized Paxos by 1

Linearizability: If A~B, and A committed before B proposed then A will be executed before B.

Fast-path quorum: F + F / 2]

Optimal for 3 and 5 replicas

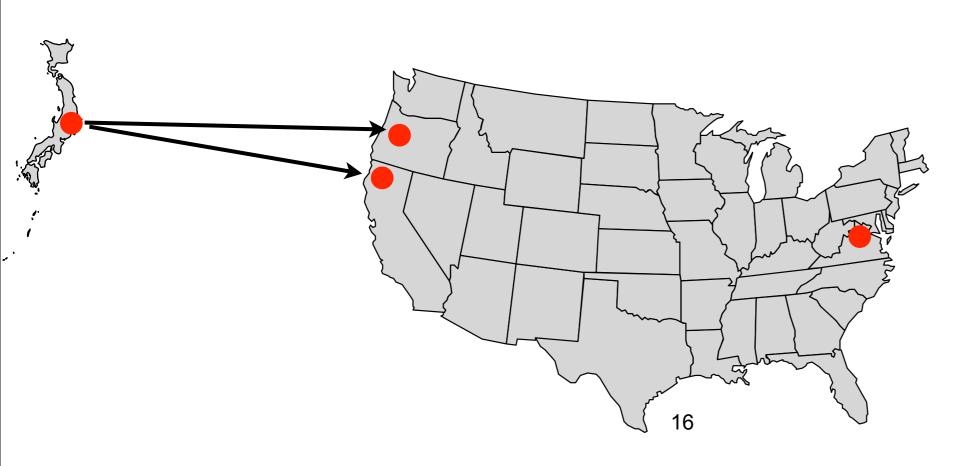




Linearizability: If A~B, and A committed before B proposed then A will be executed before B.

Fast-path quorum: F + \[F / 2 \]

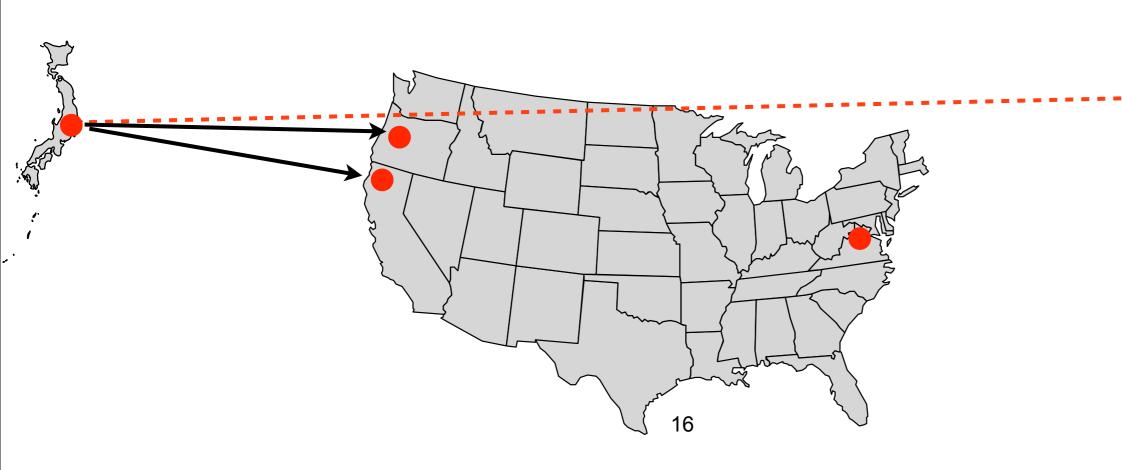
Optimal for 3 and 5 replicas



Linearizability: If A~B, and A committed before B proposed then A will be executed before B.

Fast-path quorum: F + F / 2]

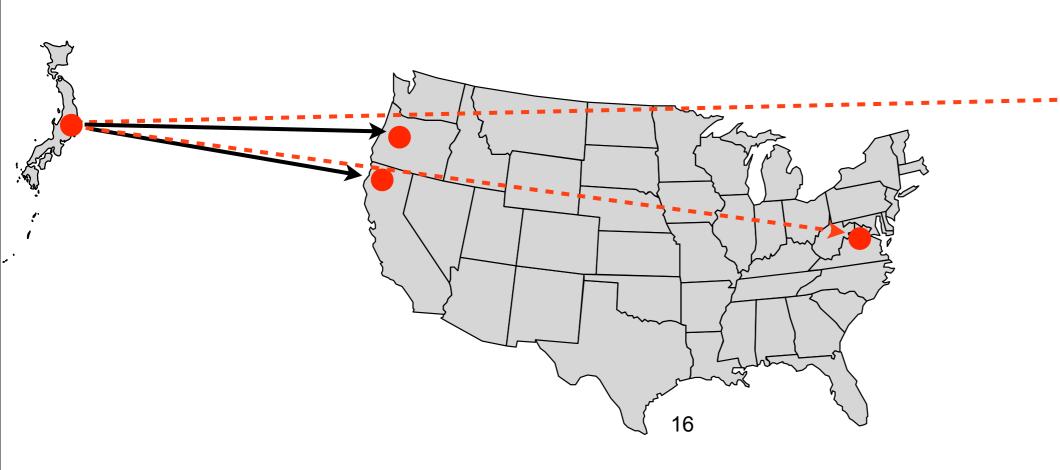
Optimal for 3 and 5 replicas



Linearizability: If A~B, and A committed before B proposed then A will be executed before B.

Fast-path quorum: F + F / 2]

Optimal for 3 and 5 replicas





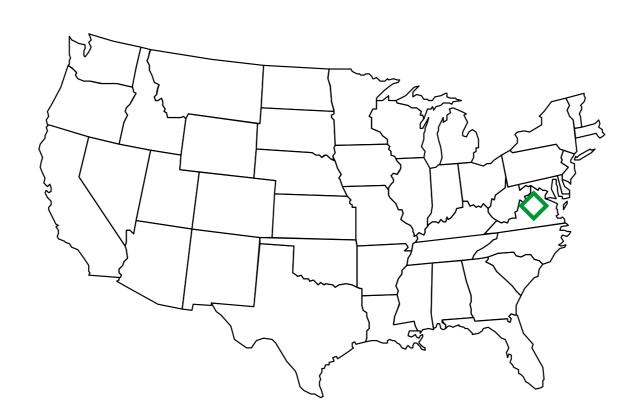
Optimal wide-area commit latency



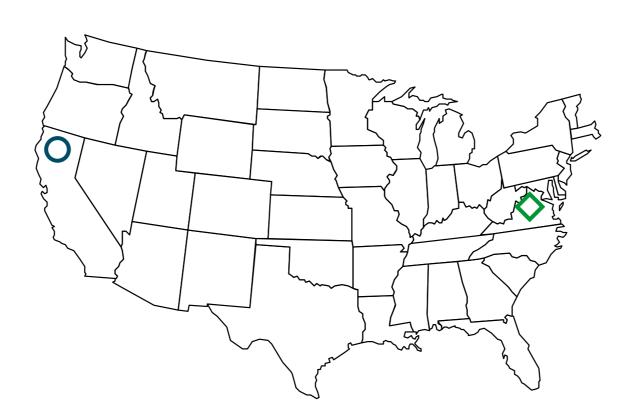


Optimal wide-area commit latency

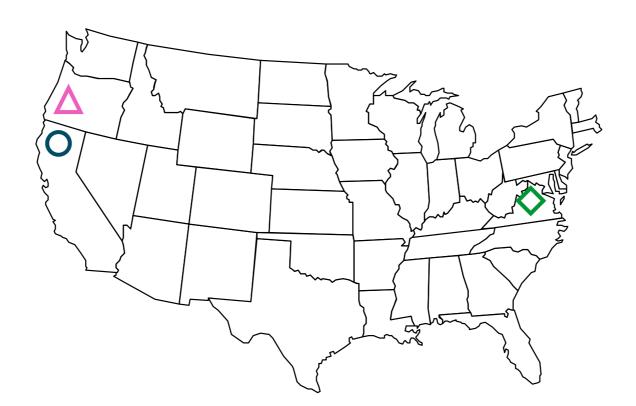




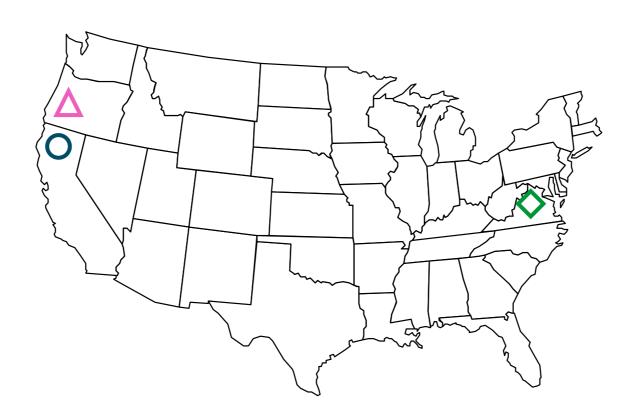




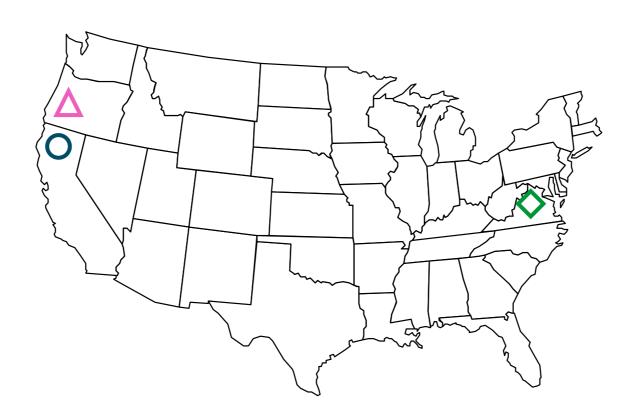


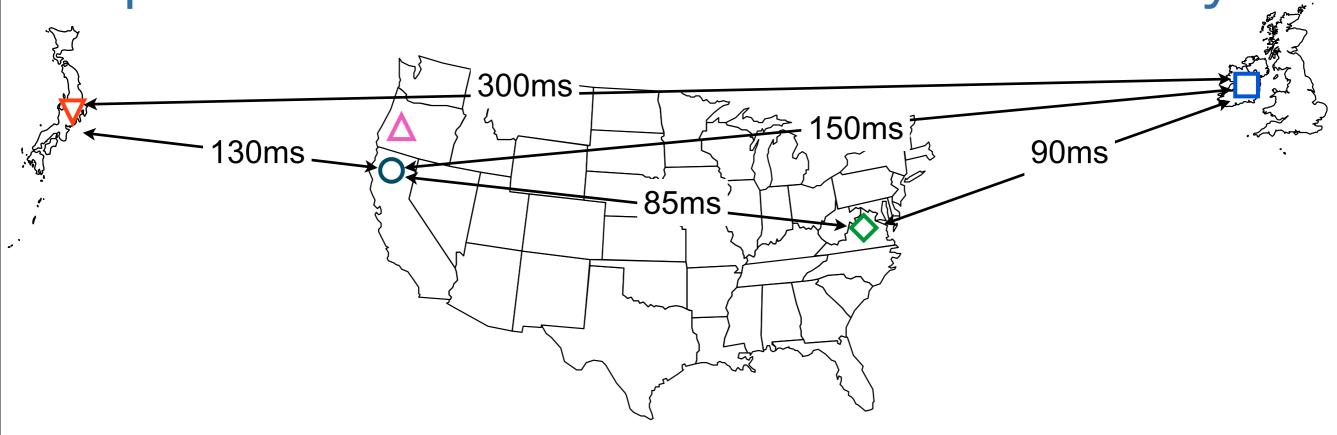












Optimal wide-area commit latency 300ms = 150ms? 130ms 90ms 85ms **EPaxos** Mencius Generalized **Paxos** Multi-Paxos (CA leader) 50 100 150 200 250 Median Commit Latency [ms] 18

Optimal wide-area commit latency 300ms = 150ms? 130ms 90ms 85ms CA 0 **EPaxos** Mencius Generalized **Paxos** Multi-Paxos 0 (CA leader) 50 100 150 200 250 Median Commit Latency [ms] 18

Optimal wide-area commit latency 300ms = 150ms? 130ms 90ms 85ms CA VA **EPaxos** Mencius Generalized **Paxos** Multi-Paxos 0 (CA leader) 50 100 150 200 250 Median Commit Latency [ms] 18

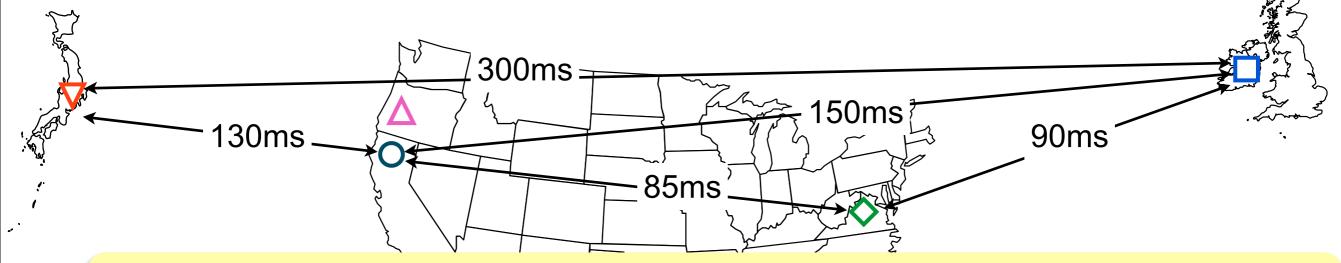
Optimal wide-area commit latency 300ms = 150ms? 130ms 90ms 85ms CA OR' **EPaxos** Mencius Generalized **Paxos** Multi-Paxos (CA leader) 50 100 150 200 250 Median Commit Latency [ms] 18

Optimal wide-area commit latency 300ms = 150ms? 130ms 90ms 85ms CA OR JP **EPaxos** ∇ Mencius Generalized **Paxos** Multi-Paxos 0 (CA leader) 50 100 150 200 250 Median Commit Latency [ms] 18

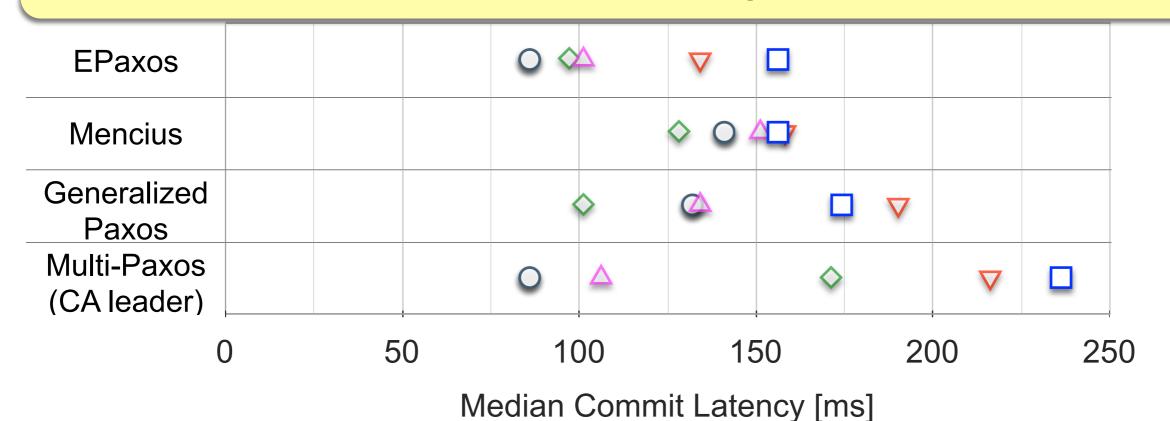
Optimal wide-area commit latency 300ms = 150ms? 130ms 90ms 85ms CA OR EU JP **EPaxos** ∇ Mencius Generalized **Paxos** Multi-Paxos 0 (CA leader) 50 100 150 200 250 Median Commit Latency [ms]

18



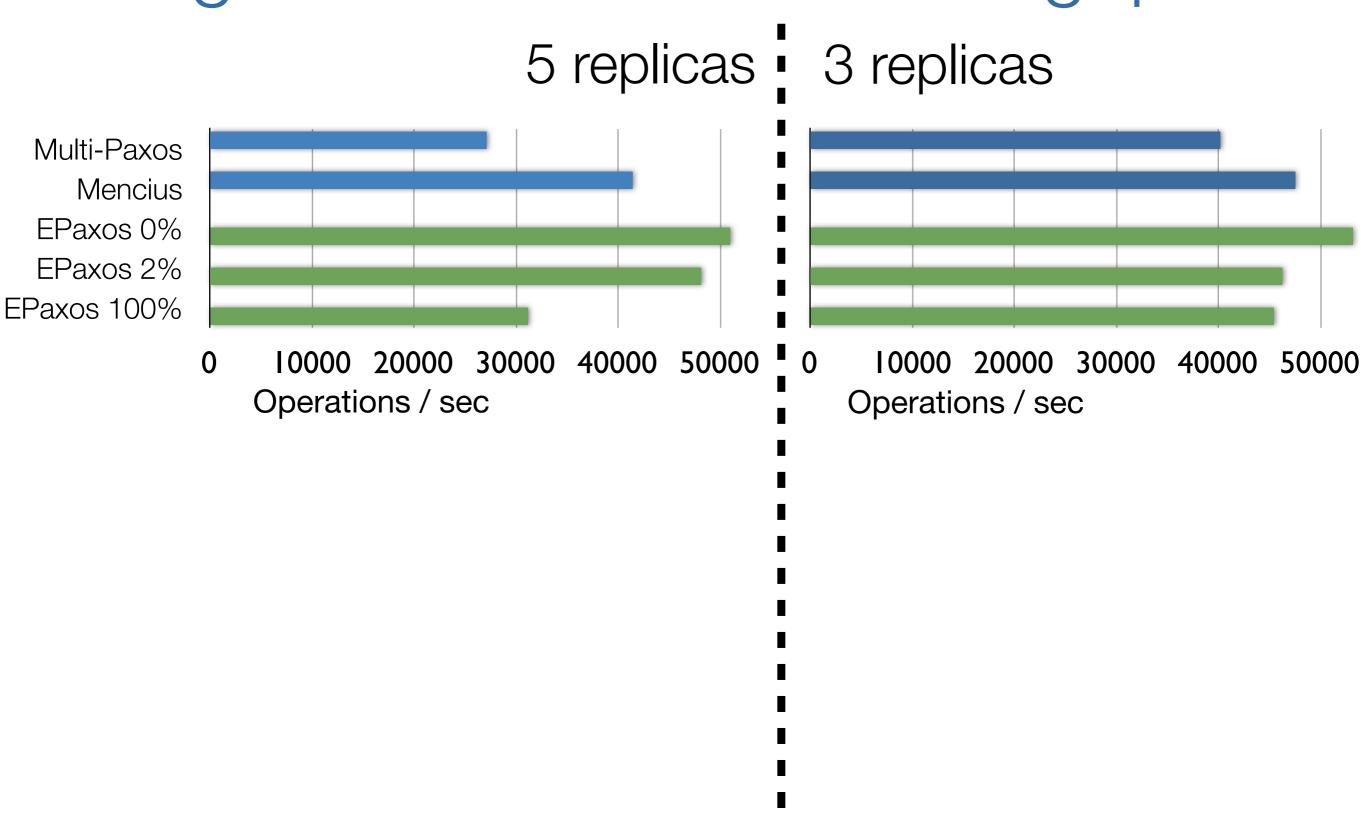


EPaxos: Optimal commit latency in wide-area for 3 and 5 replicas

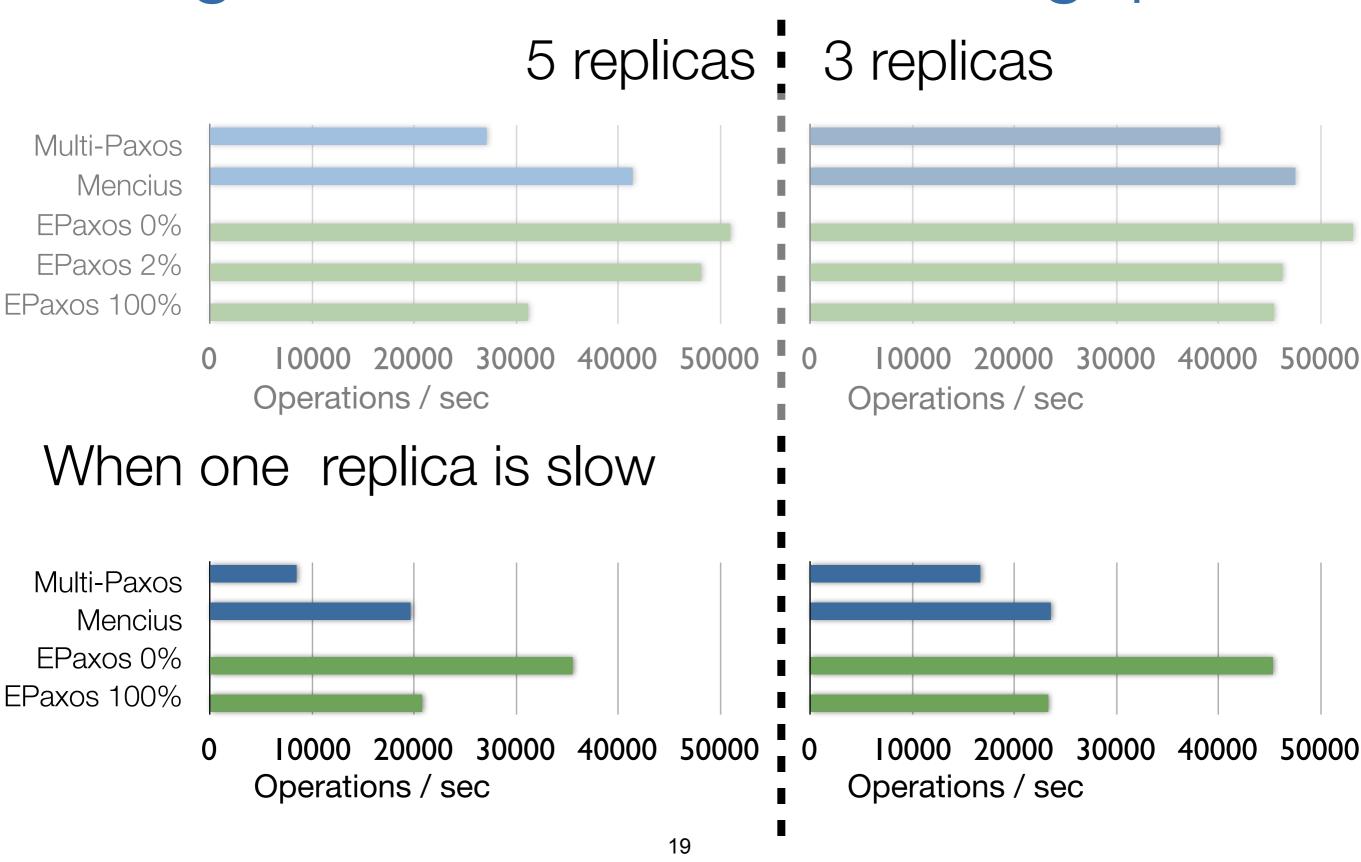


18

Higher + more stable throughput



Higher + more stable throughput

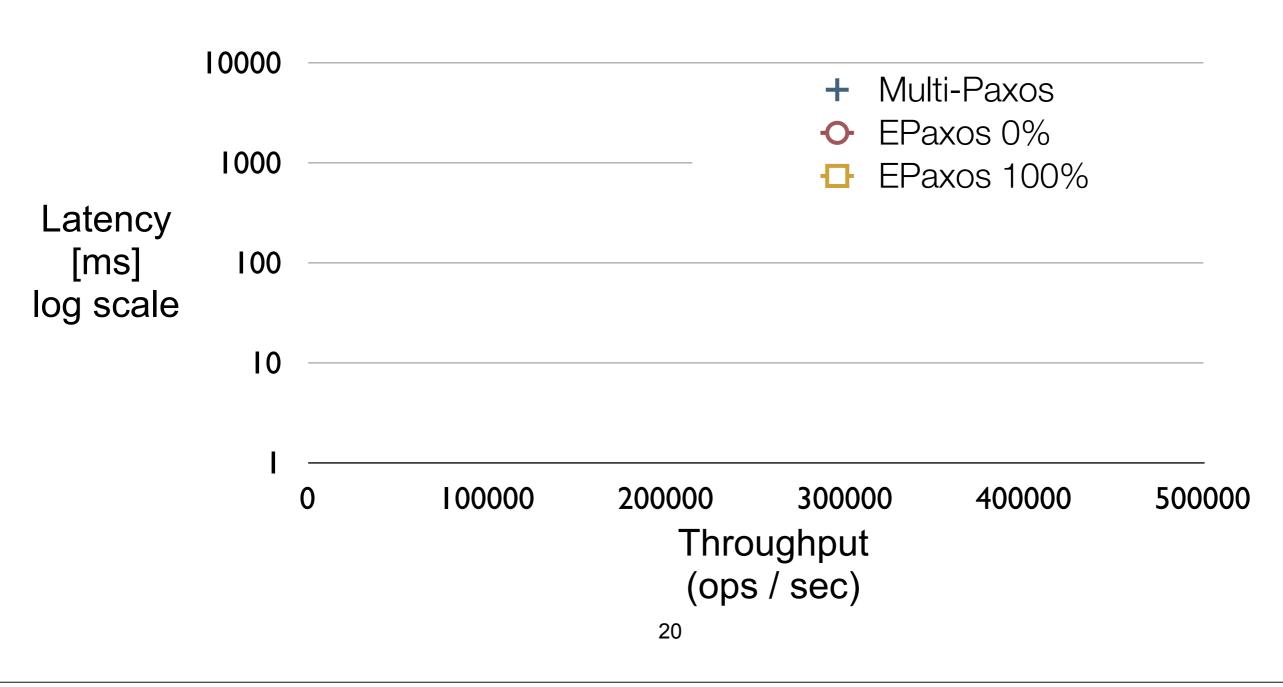


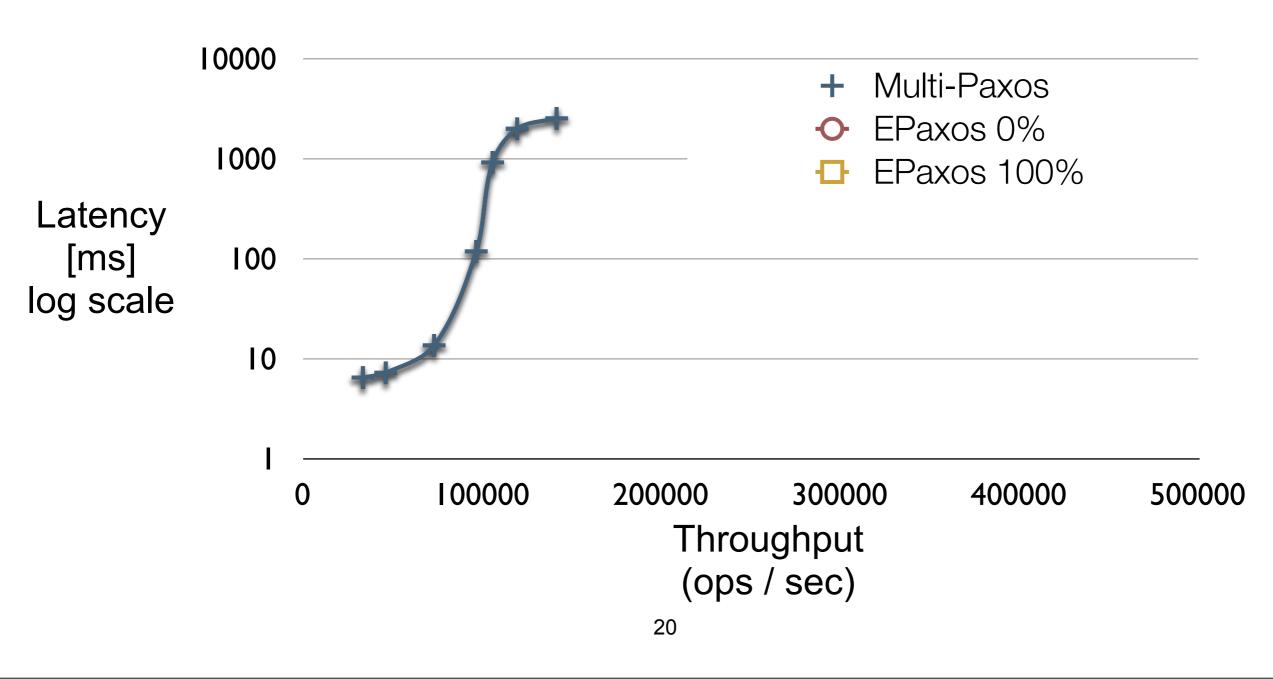
5 ms batching, local area

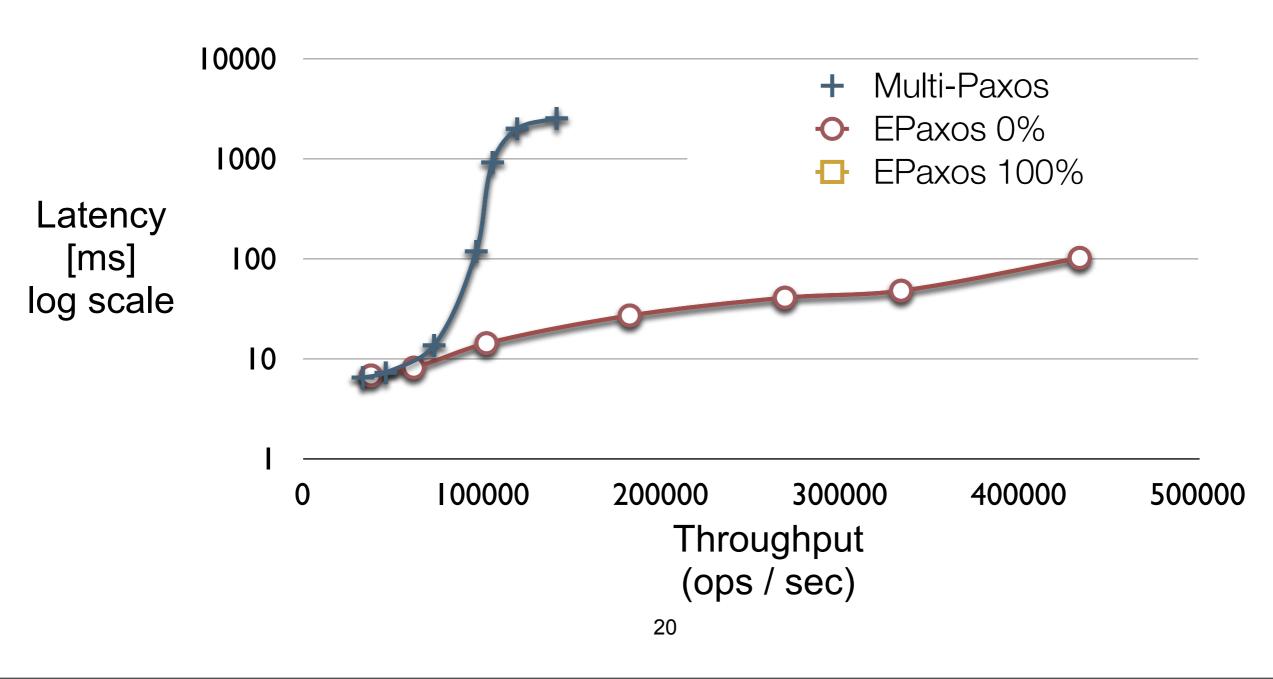
- + Multi-Paxos
- EPaxos 0%
- □ EPaxos 100%

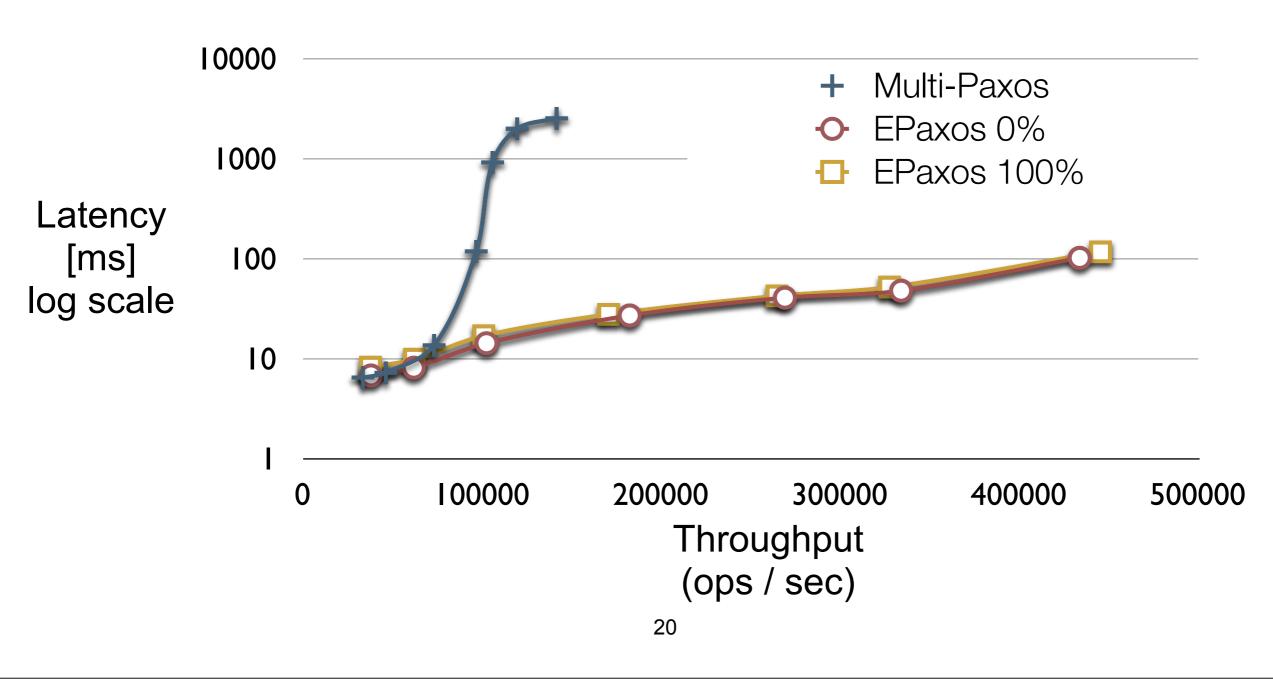
Latency [ms] log scale

Throughput (ops / sec)

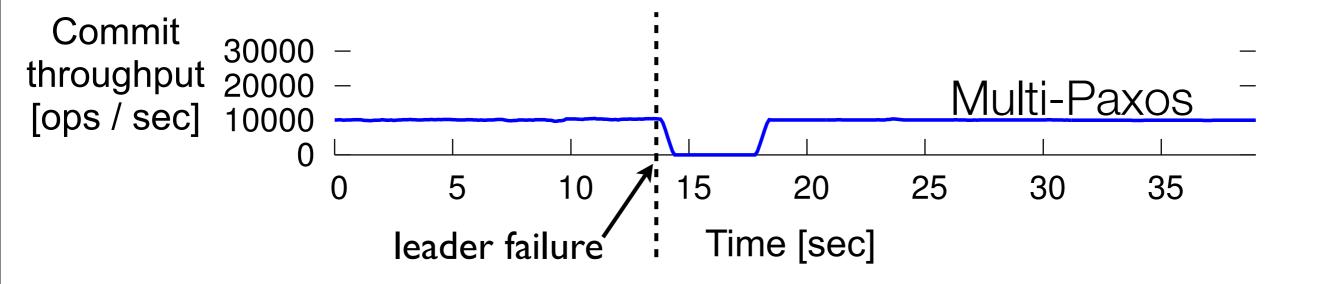




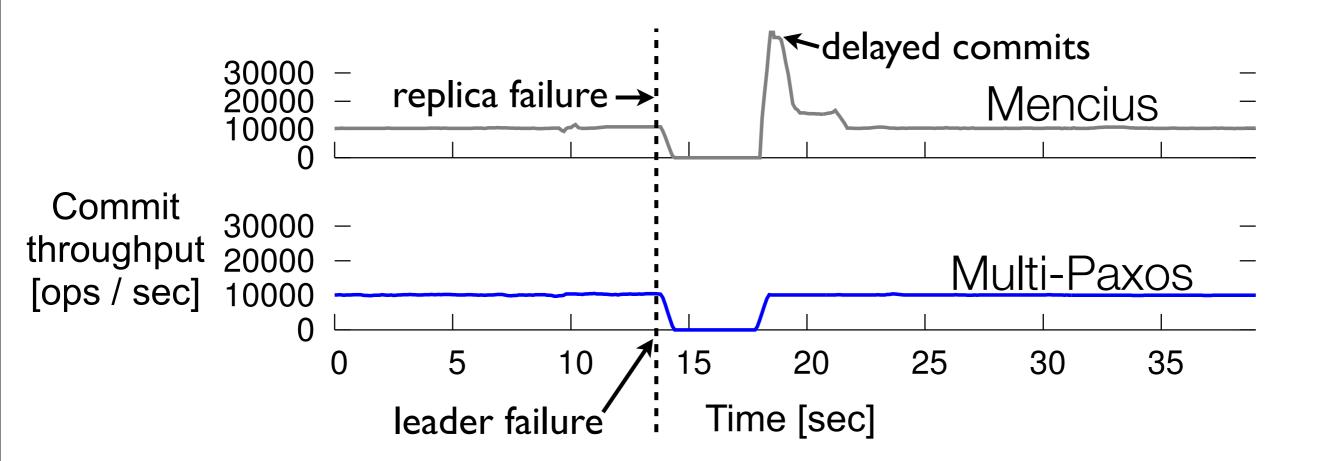




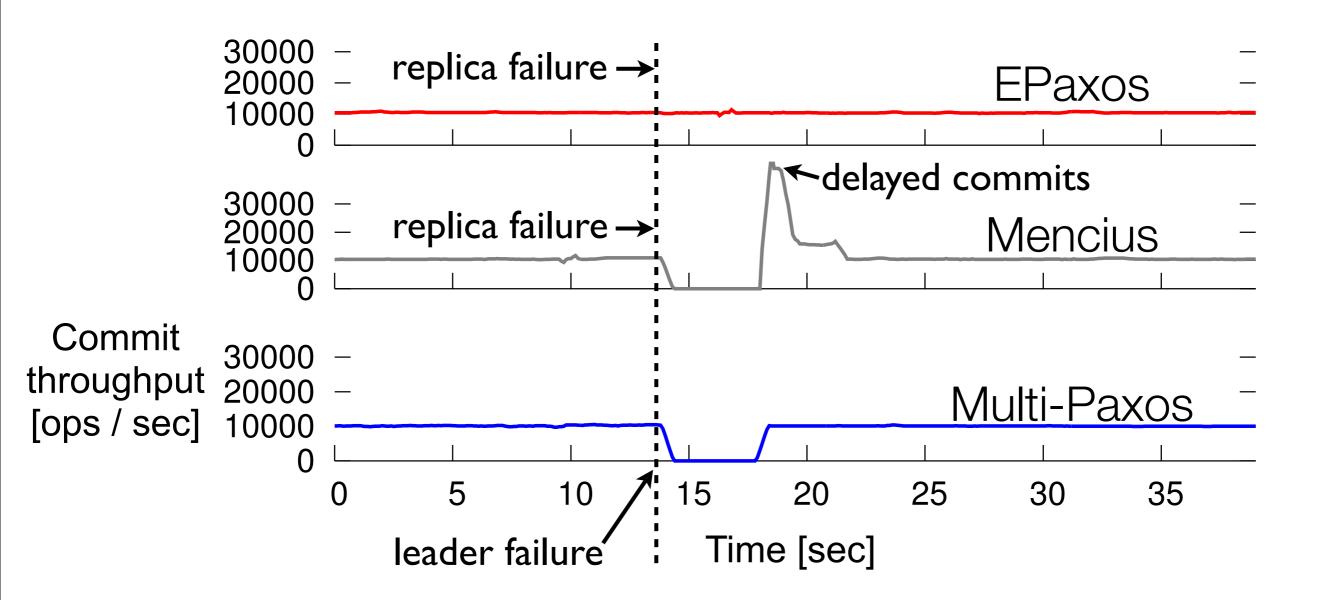
Constant availability



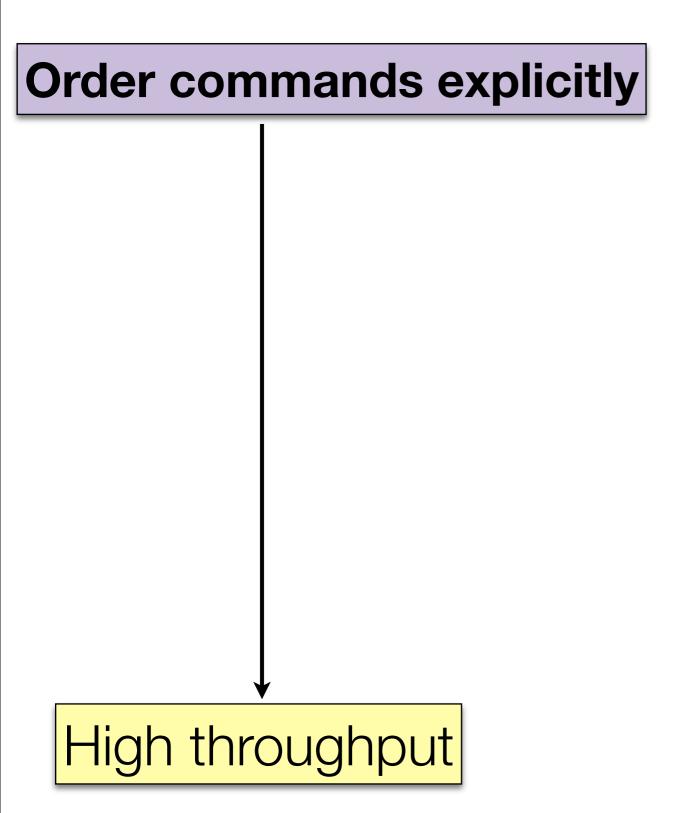
Constant availability

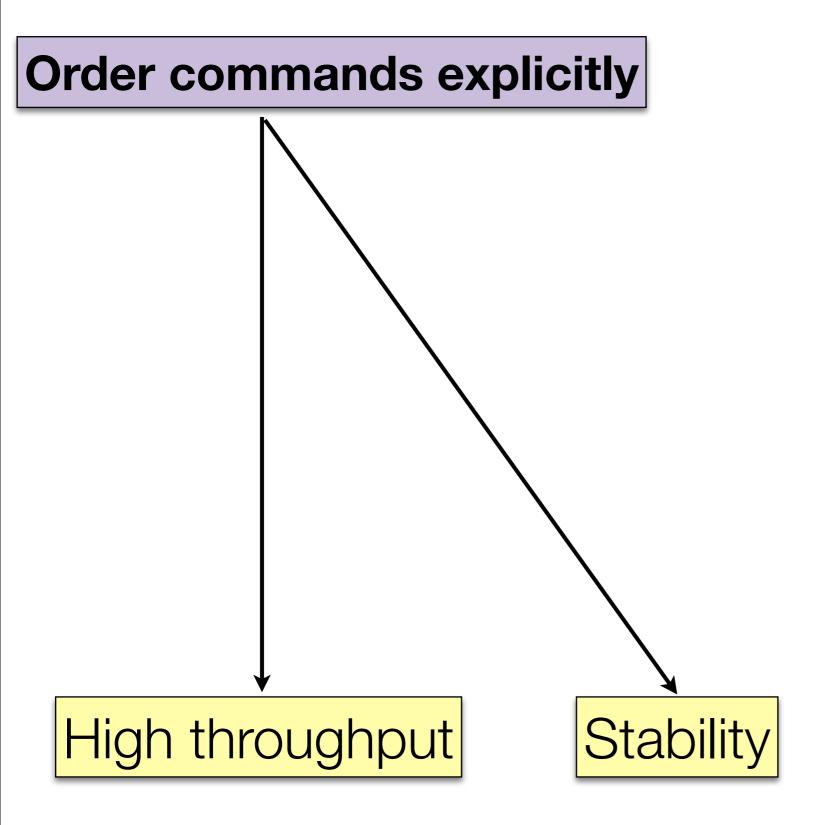


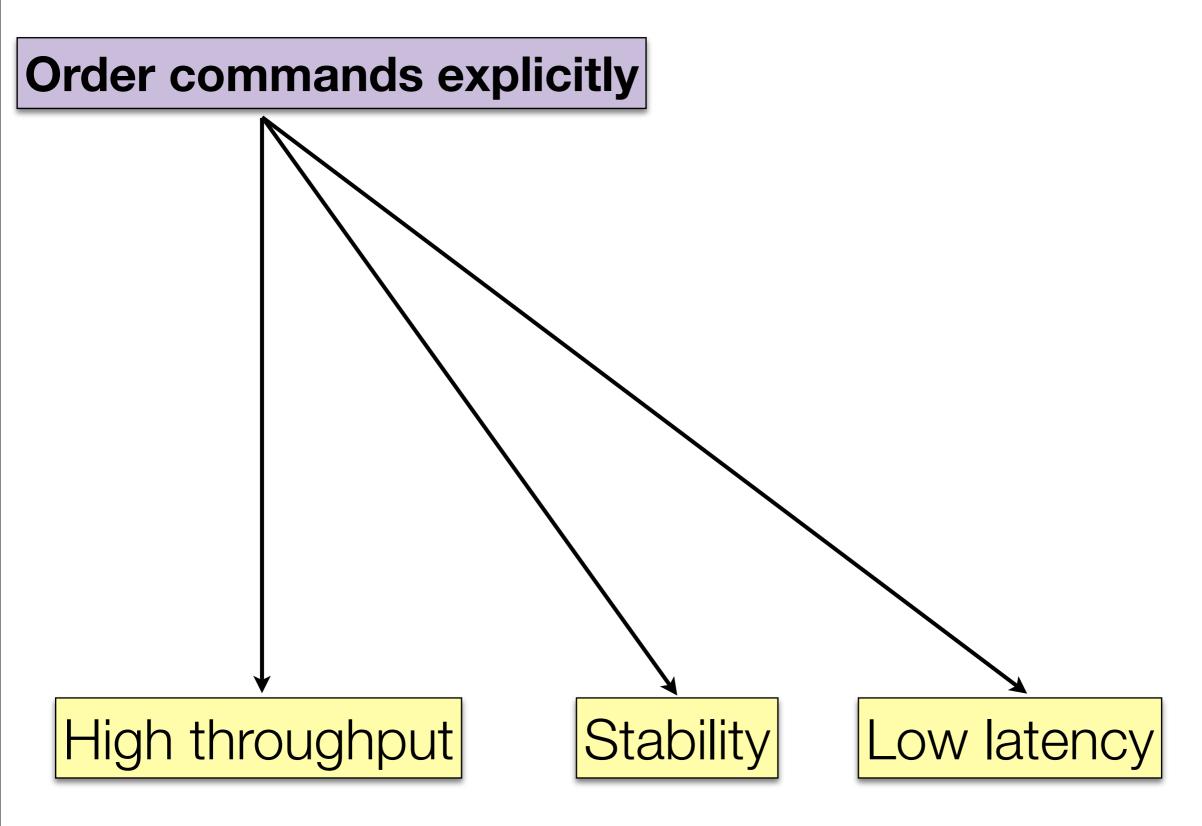
Constant availability



Order commands explicitly







Order commands explicitly Optimize only delays that matter (clients co-located w/ closest replica) Stability High throughput Low latency

Order commands explicitly Optimize only delays that matter (clients co-located w/ closest replica) Smaller quorums Stability Low latency High throughput

Order commands explicitly Optimize only delays that matter (clients co-located w/ closest replica) Smaller quorums Stability Low latency High throughput

Formal Proof

TLA+ Spec

http://cs.cmu.edu/~imoraru/epaxos/tr.pdf

Open Source Release



http://github.com/efficient/epaxos