

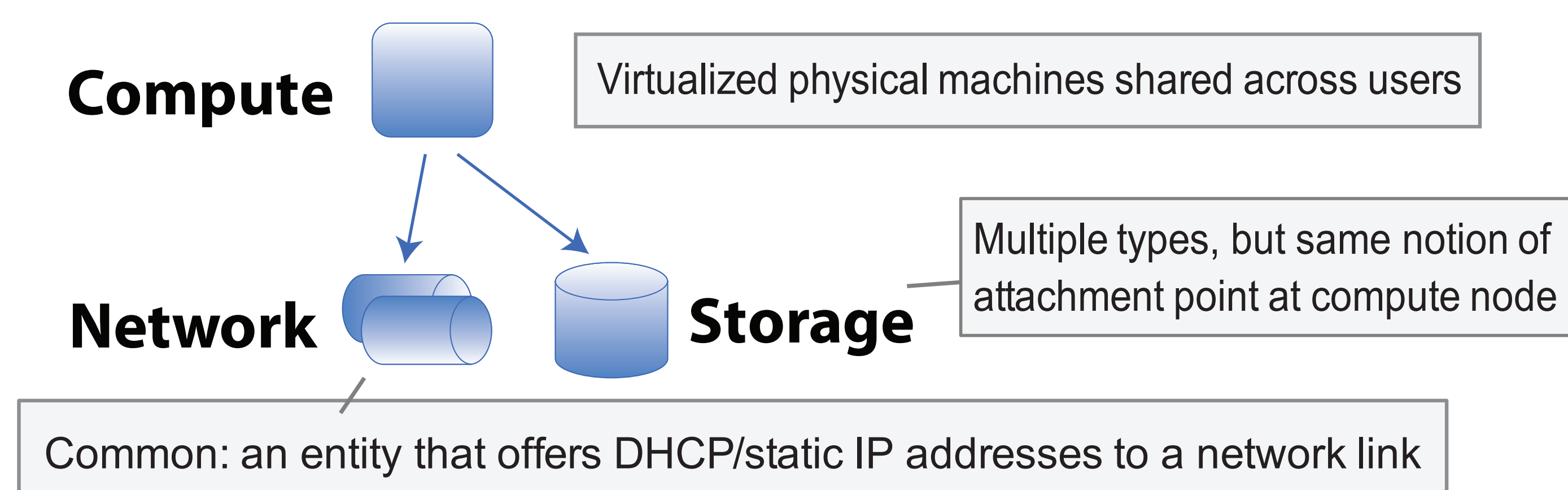
ABSTRACTING IaaS: A CLOUD MODEL COMPARISON

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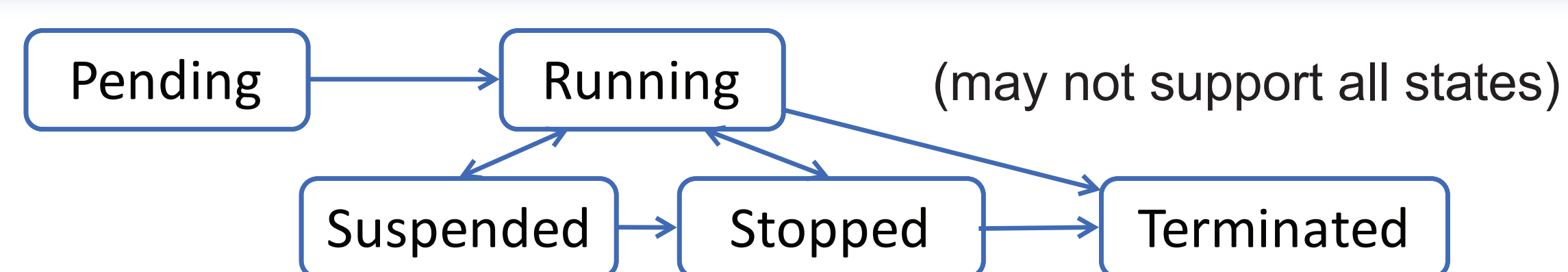
OVERVIEW

- Monitoring and administration tools should work across different utility computing providers / abstractions
 - How fundamentally different are providers?
 - What (abstract) model should tools and analyses consider?
- Maybe for IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service) platforms
 - Here: an initial survey of selected major software/vendors

COMMON ABSTRACTIONS



Compute



- vRAM, vCPU (may be fixed based upon "instance type")
- Host physical machine (may not be exposed)
- Templates/images for VMs, some parameterized customizability

Storage



- Block Store:** EC2 EBS, EC2 Instance Store, vCloud VMDK
- Blob Store:** object-based, name-addressable (S3, Swift)
- Image Store:** write-once, only for templates / disk images

Network

- Link to network: virtual NIC with IP, MAC
- Cloud APIs expose IP of VMs

RELATED EFFORTS

- Cloud standardization
 - NIST, IBM Cloud Reference Architectures: high-level
 - DMTF CLOUD API and model: low-level, not yet adopted
- Cross-cloud libraries/APIs
 - JClouds, Apache libcloud, nuvem, Deltacloud
 - Designed for least-common-denominator
 - Expose compute and object store



SELECTED PLATFORMS



closed (EC2)+
open (Euca)

EC2: largest compute provider
Eucalyptus: EC2 clone by design



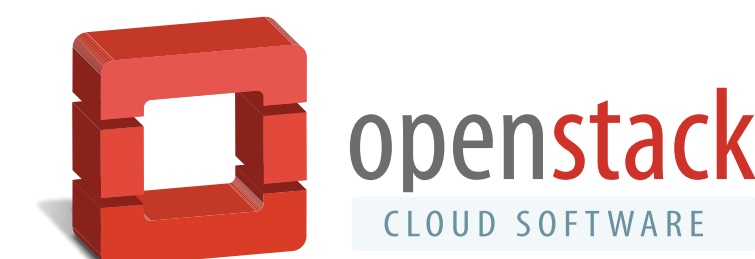
open

Focused on scientific workloads
Scripts, Partial EC2 HTTP API



closed SW
open APIs

vCloud API and software
Runs on any supported hardware



open

Foundation backed by NASA,
Rackspace, Citrix, Dell, ...

Tashi

open

Focused on data-intensive workloads
Running on OpenCirrus at CMU and Intel

DIFFERENCES

Compute

- Few abstraction differences
- Different concrete implementations (not abstraction diffs)
 - Hypervisors (ESX, KVM, Xen/OVM, Hyper-V, LXC)
 - Management data: customization scripts / metadata
- Type of hypervisor-level monitoring supported, if any
- Existence of leases / expiry dates

Storage

- Supported storage abstractions
- Exposing storage locality (opaque in OpenStack, vCloud, EC2)
- Controlling storage locality (e.g, explicitly local vs on SAN)
- Instance startup behavior (e.g, pull?, copy-on-write?)
- Presence of snapshot support

Network

- Level of network abstraction (bridging vs VPC vs vNetwork)
- Configuration options (e.g, "elastic IP" in EC2)
- L2 networking architecture (vSwitches vs VLANs vs EC2)

INSIGHTS

- Core IaaS concepts are shared between platforms
 - Possible to define model over many aspects
- Still no unified interface for multiple IaaS clouds
 - Need to do so to create general tools
- Levels of network and storage indirection/abstraction differ
- Fundamental differences in underlying network support
- Feedback wanted!

